UNITED STATES DISTRICT CO	URT	SUPPLEMENTED	
TORRELL SAXON	PETITIONER	DOCKET NO.13 CV 4966 PETITION FOR A WRIT HABEAS CORPUS PURSUANT TO SECTION 28 U.S.C.2255 RULE 403 F.R.E	
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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA RESPONDENT	RESPONDENT.	USDC SDNY DOCUMENT ELECTRONICALLY FILED	
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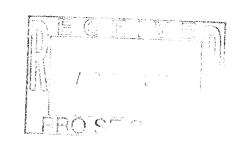
The Petitioner Torrell Saxon, who is a prisoner that resides at westchester County Jail P.O.Box 10 Valhalla, New York 10595 seeks pursuant to section 2255 title 28 U.S.C.R to Supplemented petition of Writ for Habeas Corpus file before this honorable court on July 8,2013 under docket no.13 CV 4966.

Petitioner seeks to Supplement the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus in accordance with new discovery base on the follow Grounds:

CAUSE OF ACTION

- 1.Fatico Hearing held on April 17,2013 and April 23,2013 labelled Exhibit "B".
- 2.Presentence Investiagion Report Dated March 22,2013 Exhibit "C"

GROUNDS



Ground one:Willful Misconduct
Statement of facts:Appointed Attorney Amy Attias willful misconduct occurred when she misrepresented defendent before the United State District Honorable Judge Ramos.Misrepresentation occurred when she presented her closing statement that did not defend, the defendent innocence at the Fatico hearing held on April 17,2013 at the United State Southern District Courthouse. The U.S.C.A const.Amend.6th was violated (the right to be represented fairly.)

Attorney Amy Attias show willful misconduct during closing statements. Her statement is, "inconsistencies with the witness stories, with the fact that, frankly, I don't think Mr. Saxon stories makes no sense. "See Exhibit B page 264 lines 7-10

Another statement defense counsel made that showed willful misconduct is, "So, you know, maybe, maybe, Saxon had a gun and they had a gun and everybody was shooting at everybody else." See Exhibit B page 266 line 12 and 13

Ground two:Affirmative Misconduct
Statement of facts:Attorney Attias is suppose to have a reasonable knowledge about facts of the case.Such failure consist in complete lack of knowledge.
Attorney Attias affirmative misconduct occurred when she made the statement, "So.what I think happen is this. "She focus on issue from her own theory of what happen the night of the defendents arrest.See Exhibit B page 255 line 17

Also see Exhitbit B page 266 line 7-9
Attorney Attias committed affirmative misconduct when she made this statement, "the gun, if it was the same caliber gun, I'm not saying that there were two guns. I'm saying that "WE"don't know, "WE"just don't know.

Ground three: Violation of 5th Amendment Statement of facts: Attorney Attias violated defendent 5th Amendment when she made closing statements. Her statement is. "I don't think Mr. Saxon stories, make no sense. "See exhibit B page 264 lines 9-10

Also See Exhibit B page 260 line 13-14 Ms.Amy Attias statement, "So why do I aggressively stipulate-why do I put in reports that put the gun in my hand or his hand?"

Ground four: Serious Misconduct

Statement of facts:Attorney Attias maliciously conducted negotiations with the District attorney when MS.Attias made contact calls to A.U.S.A about defense techniques.In violation of Federal rules of evidence.Rule 501,Attorney - Client privilege communication.

Attorney Amy Attias committed serious misconduct when she consult with the prosecutor about defense techniques. See exhibit B page $140 \ \text{lines} \ 21-22$

Ms.Attias statement, "Judge, and actually Mr.Gerber (the A.U.S.A) and I have discussed this, and obviously this is a little bit of an unusual defense technique to be introducing a statement that puts the gun in my own client's hands."

See Exhibit B page 140 lines 9-12
The prosecutor knew exactly what Ms.Attias wast about to do.Mr.
Gerber's statement is,"the defense is offering, they are both,
these accounts by Mr.Perez they put the gun in the defendents
hand, put the gun in his hand, have him shooting the gun."

Also See exhibit B page 255 lines 11-16
Attorney Amy Attias admits flat out her direct participation in working with the prosecutor. Her statement is, "Don't want to look at "Gift Horse"in the mouth, but there-something was going-something was wrong, I don't want to "Mr.Bloom(A.U.S.A)"is looking at me, but "WE" went through a lot before "WE" achieved that, and I do say I am-I applaud with every bone in my body both these prosecutors and their "WORK", but now we're fighting over this gun."

See Exhibit B page 139 lines 5-8
Ms.Attias further show serious misconduct with her statement that said, "Mr.Gerber, Mr.Calhoun and I have spoken several times over the last several days and without objection "WE" are going to-" In violation of U.S.C.A Const.Amend.6 (the right to represented fairly) Amend.8 and 14th Due Process

Ground Five: Wide Range of Misconduct Fall Statement of facts: Attorney Amy Attias confused her scope of representation willfully with bad intentions while addressing issues at the Fatico hearing about the characteristic and the character of defendent.

When Ms.Amy Attias was suppose to defend the defendent, she instead presented herself like a proseutor. Accordingly to law

Amy Attias who is licence to practice in New York violated seriously the code of ethic before the New York Bar Association. At consequence Amy Attias has to be discipline before the State of New York third district. Also, attorney Attias faces to be charge criminally according to New York Penal Law.

Attorney Attias committed wide range of misconduct fall when she made the following statement, "inconsistencies with the witness stories, with the fact that, frankly, I don't think Mr. Saxon stories make no sense."

See Exhibit B page 251 lines 18-20

The prosecutor made a simuliar statement, "the incentive, the defendent has to lie, is just, just implausible on its face. It does not make sense.

Ms.Attias didn't even object to him calling me a liar.

See Exhibit B page 189 lines 22-25 page 190 line 1
Here she confused her role of defense counsel for the role of the prosecutor when she asked defendent questions that the prosecutor should have asked not her. In bad faith she question the defendent. Her question, "And to be clear, did you have a prescription for those pills. But you weren't allowed to sell them right, that

More misconduct on Ms.Attias behalf was, "Why do I put in reports that put the gun in my hand or his hand?" See Exhibit B page 260 line 13-14

Also see exhibit B page 266 line 12-13

Ms.Attias acted like the prosecutor with her statement, "So, you know, maybe, maybe, Saxon had a gun." Defense counsel flat out put the gun on the defendent. She did not defend, the defendent at all.

Ground six:Usurpation of Discretional Power of District Court Statement of facts:Attorney Amy Attias acted in bad faith which help add to the judge who was bias and the prosecutor Micheal Gerber who maximize in the process of usurpation of discretion to put the defense downside on a perfect position to close the sentencing and the conviction of the defendent. Attorney Attias advise defendent in bad faith to do an innocent proffer. This was the worst thing she had defendent do.It completely gave the prosecutor all the leverage they needed to convict the defendent. See exhibit B page 255 line 4-6
Ms.Attias statement, "and I will talk about the aggressive posture in going to an innocent proffer, twenty five years in federal court, this is my second time."

See exhibit B page 264 lines 7-10

Ms.Attias statement, between the inconsistencies with the witness stories, with the fact that, frankly, I don't think Mr.saxon's stories makes no sense.

See Exhibit page 266 line 12

Ms.Attias statement, "So, you know, maybe, maybe, Saxon had a gun."
Ms.Attias statement, "Why do I put in reports that put the gun in
my hand or his hand?"

See Exhibit B 259 line 2-3

Ms.Attias statement, Judge, and I couldn't flesh out lookout because he doesn't know.

Defendent argument was base on the fact that he was robbed and there was a look out for the robbery, the man in the yellow shirt. On a few occasions defendent clearly states that there is a look out. See exhibit B pages 204 line 17, page 206 line 3, page 214 line 5, page 212 line 22-25, page 219 lines 4-5 and page 205 lines 1-2.

Ms.Attias flat out went against the defendent entire defense. She focus on her own theory about there being two guns involve in defendents case. "So what I think may have happen is this."

During the Fatico hearing defense counsel repeatedly argue that there was two guns instead of listening to the defendent that there was one. See Exhibit B line 19-20

"one is, the defense has suggested repeatedly through this hearing that there were two guns."

At the end of the Fatico hearing defense counsel completely changed her argument, intentionally giving the prosecutor the case with her statement. See Exhibit B 266 line 7-9

Ms.Attias statement changed to, "was the same gun, if it was the same caliber gun.I'm not saying that there were two guns.I'm saying that "WE"don't know."WE"just don't know."

The prosecutor Mr.Gerber maximize off her statement. See Exhibit B page 231 lines 2 and 5

The prosecutors question, "And you remember one gun, right?" Defendents response, "I only remember one."

The defense counsel Attias work together with the prosecutor team that resulted in the conviction of the defendent.Right after several days of conversations with the prosector, the defense counsel decides to put the gun in her clients hands. See exhibit B page 139 line 5-8

Ms.Attias statement, "Mr.Gerber, Mr.Calhoun and I have spoken several times over the last several days, and without objection "WE" are simply, rather than calling the witness, "WE" are going to, I am going to move his statement."

See Exhibit B page 140 line 21-24

Defense counsel statement, "Judge, and actually Mr.Gerber and I have discussed this, and obviously this is a little bit of an

unusual defense technique to be introducing a statement that puts the gun in my own clients hands."

Defendent in good faith trusted the defense counsel and in bad faith she later argue that Saxon the defendent had the gun. See Exhibit B page 266 line 12

Defense counsel statement, "So, you know, maybe, maybe, Saxon had a gun and they had a gun and everybody was shooting at everybody else."

Then the defense counsel applaud the prosecutors team for their work. See Exhibit B page 255 line 13-16

Ms.Attias statement, "I applaud with every bone in my body both these prosecutors and their work."

Attorney Attias asked the court a question and answered it at the Fatico hearing. See Exhibit B page 260 line 13-14 The question, "Why do I put in reports that put the gun in my hand or his hand?"

Ms.Attias own answer admitted that she did it for the government so they can prove their case. See Exhibit B line 13-24 Her answer, "Because when I look at the witness who did come into court, Morerta, and I contrast that to Perez-Suarez's statement, they're different in a couple very important respect. I hate to sort of argue conspiracy theory, but in a way, that is kind of what I'm saying, that the people in the apartment jump him, they are told by the woman in Spanish, which he doesn't speak, that he has pills on him, they rush him, he's so crazy and drunk that he's fighting back. Shots are fire. The government has to prove it his shots fire not their shots fire."

The only reasonable and logical response in this statement is "The government has to prove its his shots fire not their shots fire."

This was done after she held several conversations with the prosecutor over the course of several days.where she discussed defense tactics with the government.See Exhibit B page 139 line 5-6

Ms.Amy Attias statement is, "Mr.Gerber, Mr.Calhoun and I have spoken several times over the last several days, and without objection "WE" are simply, rather than calling the witness, we are going to-"

Also see Exhibit B page 140 lines 21-22

Here is when Ms.Attias admits to having defense tactic discussion with the government/prosecutor.Her statement is, "Juge, and actually bit of an unusual defense technique." In violation of the

The prosecutor Mr.Gerber presented a statement from the draft of the P.S.I report to increase defendent time. The statement is, "He continue to use the medication and last use them on the date of his arrest for the instant offense. See Exhibit B page 224 lines 24-25

See Exhibit B 224 1-3

Attorney Amy Attias objected to this statement by prosecutor by saying, "Judge, I would object to any squestion that are base on the draft of the presentence report."

Also see Exhibit B page 224 lines 9-11

Amy Attias statement is ,"It is a draft and there are issuses with the draft that have not yet been resolved and things that I have, theres a host of issuse with the draft."

Attorney Amy Attias further show misconduct by not making the proper corrections, adjuctments and objections on the P.S.I report that the judge use to base his decision on at sentencing. See Exhibit B page 224 line 24-25

The prosecutors statement about the issue thats still in the presentence investigation report is, "And in fact, you told him that you continue to use these medications and last used them on the date of your arrest."

Under F.R.C.R.P rule 32 -sentencing and judgment

1. Time to object. Within 14 days after receiving the presentence report, the parties must state in writing any objection, including objections to material, information, sentencing, guidelines range and policy statement contain in or omitted from the report.

From March 27,2013 up until sentencing May 30,2013 Attorney Amy Attias had ample amount of time to deal with the host of issuse that she said were on the P.S.I. report (Draft). However, she did not deal with none of the objections and much needed corrections.

SEE EXHIBIT C

OBJECTIONS FOR P.S.I. REPORT

Docket # S1 12 CR 320

Memorandum #63645

- 1. Page 1 of the report has an error with the case number. It says "S1 12 Cr 329" the correct number is "S1 12 CR 320."
- 2.Page 19 and 41 Criminal Sale of a control substance inthe third degree. This is wrong. This should not be there at all. Its not apart of this charge.
- 3.Page 14 number 65
 "He discover that his father had use his social security card number."This is not true.
- 4.Page 7 number 19
 Defendent never stated that he was attack by BLOODS in his cell.
 Defendent was in E-block dormitry on June 16,2012. There are no
 cells and the allege altercation involve one person. June 16,2012
 incident was in no way gang related. Defendent told defense
 counsel about this. Theres nothing on record about him being jump
 by gang memebers.
- 5. Page 6number 9,10,11,12, and 13

Attorney Amy attias never made objections to these statements are not true. She made no effort to correct this.

6.Page 17 number 87

Factors to be consider in imposing sentence Attorney Amy Attias didn't provide the P.S.I. information concerning the offense of the offender that could have made an impact on the sentencing.

7.Page 20 Drug Risk Analysis She made no objection to this and this is not true.

Ground seven: Impose a typical hardship on inmate Statement of facts: Attorney Amy Attias brought up a 13 year old robbery case at my sentencing as a defense. the robbery only added to the district attorney's arugment.

Ground eight: Violation of 14th Amendment (equal protection)
Statement of facts: Attorney Amy Attias work together with the prosecutor team to convict defendent.

See Exhibit B Pgae 141 lines 1-7

Ms. Amy Attias statement, "Rest be assure I discussed this with Mr. Saxon. I saw him on Sunday afternoon. I went through the statement with him. I specifically said, Torrell, you understand that this witness statement says that you were holding the gun. I can confirm for you that he completely understands whats going on he is on board with this tactic."

Ms. Attias maliously and deliberately continue to argue that defendent actually had a gun and was shooting.

See Exhibit B Page 266 lines 12-13

Attorney Amy Attias statement, "So, you know, maybe, maybe, Saxon had a gun and they had a gun and everybody was shooting everybody

RELIEF BEING SOUGHT

Base on the ground raised above in the Supplemented, petitioner prays for relief:

1. That this Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus to be treated as a PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS. A Writ that challenges the defendents detention not defendents sentence.

2. For the courts to place a stay of any movement, transfer or relocation by United states Marshall or any other appropriate person from Westchester County Jail pending appeal.

3. For dismissal of all charges.

4. To disbarred Attorney Amy Attias from Federal bar of Attorney and from U.S. Court of Appeals.

5. For the petitioners immediate release.

6. And for any other relief that is just and proper.

Sworn to before me /2 day of Aguast 2013	1
/~~	TOPPE
Notary Public	/ TORREI

THOMAS V RUGGI
NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF NEW YORK
No. 01RU6251407
Qualified in Westchester County
My Commission Expires November 14, 2015

EXHIBIT A

GRIENVANCE COMPLAINT

File No. I-13649/13

STATE OF NEW YORK
GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE
FOR THE NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

I - 13 649/13

Crosswest Office Center
399 Knollwood Road
Suite 200
White Plains, New York 10603
914-824-1070

PLEA	SE USE I	914-824-5070 NK Date: <u>June 25,2013</u>
A .	ATTO	RNEY COMPLAINED OF: (Full name): Any Attas
		(Address): 4 North Ledge Loop
		(City): Coston-Op-Hodse (State): New York (Zip): 10520
	v	(Phone): (County): Wastiheade.
В.	COMP	LAINANT: (Your full name):
		(Signature): Jonell Saylow
		(Address): P.O.Box 10, Valhalla New York 10595
		(City): Valhalla (State): New York (Zip): 10595
		(Phone):
C.	СОМРІ	AINTS TO OTHER AGENCIES: Have you filed a complaint concerning this attorney with another Bar Association, District Attorney's Office or any other Agency YesNox
		If so, name of Agency and action taken:
Ď.	COURT	ACTION AGAINST ATTORNEY COMPLAINED OF:
		Have you brought a Civil or Criminal action against this attorney?NO
		If so, name Court and status:
	NATURI	E OF COMPLAINT (for example-neglect, quality of representation, fee dispute, etc.):
	Qua	lity of representtation and incompetence
	DETAIL:	S OF COMPLAINT (In your statement, be sure to include all the details of your complaint, including the isconduct of the attorney. Please attach copies of any papers you may have).
		had a Fatico hearring in the Southern District of
		ork Courthouse.Ms.Amy Attias was my defense counsel

Continue pages of Grievance To Grievance Committee

1.at my hearring. The hearring was for a Two Point enhancement for a weapon (Gun charge that was suppose to be dropped). At the hearring Ms. Attias completely gave the District Attorney my case with her closing statement that did not defend my innocence. The judge (Ramos) ask Ms. Attias, "Why do you think he (me) did it? Meaning the shooting for the gun charge that I was originally charged with.Ms.Attias stated, "Your honor, I do not know why he did it. "WE" know he did it. Its just "WE", can't prove he did it. "Ms. Attias began to go into the case but the Judge stop her telling her to just answer the question. Why did he do it?Ms.Attias stated,"I don't know why he did it." 2.Ms.Attias statement "WE" is referring to herself and the District Attorney.Ms.Attias work closely with Micheal Gerber during the entire duration that Micheal Gerber was on my case. Every single time I show her evidence, found new evidence or produce something that prove my innocence.Ms.Attias always contacted the District attorney telling him everything. When I asked her why she keeps telling the District Attorney evrything I tell her. She claim to be working with him to make a deal.A deal that ended with my conviction of 10 years inside of me going to trail like I told her from the beginning. The plea bargin was completely a lie.

Continue pages of Grievance

3Ms.Attias made closing statements at the Fatico hearring further showing her incompetence and unethical behavior by stating, "Your honor, we know his story is incredible. We know his story is unbelievable. We know he did it. But your honor "WE" can't prove it.

4.A month after I copped out Ms.Attias told me and my family that she was sorry because she knew there was a good chance I could have been home right now.She knew once the Distict Attorney offered to drop the gun charge.She could have got me aquitted.She should have let me go to trail like I wanted to from the beginning.

5.Ms.Attias mislead me telling me if I cop to a pill case the District Attorney will drop the weapon charge. I asked Ms.Attias repeatedly on several occasions will the gun later be brought up and used against me. I asked her over the phone, when I got called to court and on a visit will the District Attorney use the gun later? Will the prosecutor try to wait until I cop out and use the gun against me in any way? Ms. Attias response was, "NO, it doesn't work like that. Once they drop the charge. They won't go back on thier word. The moment I accepted the plea deal Ms. Attias and Micheal Gerber the prosecutor announced that they will accept the plea "BUT", we will mention

Continue pages of Grievance

5.(Use) at the sentencing for a Two Point enhancement. Meaning to give me more time. MS. Attias stated, "We're sorry but we didn't know our bosses were going to do that. So they still use the gun against me after she told me they would not.

6.At the Fatico hearring Ms.Attias created her own theory of what might have happen, what could have happen, what probably happened instead of listening to what I told her happen on the night of my arrest.

7.Ms.Attias theory made absolutely no sense.Ms.Attias theory was completely different from what I told her happen.What I testified to she argue a different version of events.She did not defend me.She purposely destroy my case giving it to the prosecutor.

8.Judge Ramos had to ask her what is her point because Ms.attias theory was off.Once the judge asked Ms.Attias whats her point. She did not stick to her theory. She could not explain her point. The judge asked me was thier one or two weapons involve. I had to admit. I only saw one. Yet Ms. Attias created two weapons. Totally changing the entire defense that was prepared.

Continue pages of Grievance

9.Ms.Attias did not fully inform me about the innocent proffer. Ms.Attias did not tell me that theres a Reverse Proffer.Had I known about that I would not have agreed to do a Proffer.The Proffer was the worst thing she had me do.It completely gave up my defense.It put the prosecutor in a perfect position to convict me.

10.Ms.Attias I later found out that she got fire from the Felony Defenders for being incompetent.I futher found out that she is known for mishandling cases intentionally. She is always getting people sent away for more time than promise. Ms.Attias told me for several month over and over none stop that she can get me on a cop out 5 years or possible less. The most I'll get is 6 maybe 7 years with the two point enhancement. Ms. Attias told me I will not get 10 years for pills by no judge in the southern district. However, I was sentence to the exact 120 months she said I wouldn't get. I asked her what about my guidelines. Several times she told me don't worry about my guidelines.

11. In the month of May I tried to take my plea back. When she told me she could have got me acquitted. I felt I had to go to trail. She didn't even help me get my plea back. Instead she

EXHIBIT B

FATICO HEARING

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES of AMERICA.

12 Cr. 320 (ER)

TORRELL SAXON

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Defendent.

CONTINUED FATICO HEARING

Betore: *

HON. EDGARDO RAMOS. United States Disetet Judge

APPEARANCES:

MICHAEL GERB

AMY ATTIA**S** Altorney for Defendant

ANGELA A. O'DONNELL, RPR Official Court Reporter

PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Last we were together, the government had rested and had no additional witnesses; correct?

MR. GERBER: That's correct.

THE COURT: Mr. Attent

MB. ATTIAS: We had actually gotton past that, Judge. My expert testified and I called the first officer on the scene, Officer Artola.

Before we start, could I selt your Honor to approve a copy of the transcript from today's proceeding? I don't know that we need it, I certainly don't need it overnight, because I think that we're going to go into sentencing which is down the road a few weeks, but I would like the transcript, perhaps expedited makes most sense.

THE COURT: Cortainly, if you'll put in the appropriate paperwork, I'll be happy to se order.

MS. ATTIAS: I tried the paperwork once, I got it wrong. I'm going to get it right the second time.

THE COURT: I have every confidence that you will.

Olays. Do you have a witness?

MB. ATTIAS: Moving sheed, Judge, the government and I have worked out --

(Counsel contar)

MB. ATTIAS: Without objection from the government, Judge, I am introducing what will be defendent's

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Exhibits B and C. Exhibits B and C are actual eleterments made by another one of the occupants of the apartment that until recently I was calling V-1 whose name is Rodrigo Perez-Suares. Mr. Perez-Suarez is represented by Chip Calhoun. Mr. Gerber, Mr. Calhoun and I have apolien several times over the last several days, and without objection we are simply, rether then calling the witness, we are going to, I am going to move file statements in se - Defense B is the statement that he made to Middletown police the night of the incident. He originally wrote it in Spenials. That is also numbered as TS-326. That's page one of Defense R.

THE COURT: TS-3257

MB. ATTIAS: And TS-326, which is page two of Defence B, is the translation. I'm going to read the translation into the record at this time and, of course, then hand the exhibit up to you, if there's no objection.

MR. GERBER: There's no objection from the government.

Your Honor, there are two leaves we just wanted to raise with the Court, and perhaps the Court may wish to inquire of defense counsel or even of the defendant regarding these two leaves.

One is simply to make clear that Mr. Perez-Suerez. so we understand it, is not, he's not unevalishin. My understanding is he has some sort of medical condition and

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that would make it more difficult for him perhaps to come to court. He is not unaveilable. The defence could call him: they are choosing not to. Instead they want to put in two documents, one his prior sworn statement, the other a report prepared by Special Agent DiGirolamo. We're not objecting to that, but I wanted to elect the Court to that place of this.

The other point, just to make the Court aware of is that these two sistements or two documents the defense is offering, they are both, these accounts by Mr. Perex, they put the gun in the defendant's hand, put the gun in his hand, have him shooting the gum.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, what was that last part? MR. GERBER: The statements put the gun in the defendant's hand and they have him shooting the gun.

THE COURT: Olay.

MR. GERBER: And the defence is offering these statements. Again, the government is not objecting, but I vanted to bring this to the Court's attention before they are formally offered into evidence.

MB. ATTIAS: Judge, and actually Mr. Gerber and I have discussed this, and obviously this is a little bit of an unusual defense technique to be introducing a statement that puts the gun in my own client's hands. Rest be assured I discussed it with Mr. Saxon. I saw him on Sunday

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THE COURT: Very well. Just so that I'm clear, there was a leafmony last time that there were two Rackigos, one Rackigo the son and one Rackigo the father and Rackigo the son was the one that was allegedly in the grasp of Mr. Saxon when Mr. Moreris entered the apartment; correct?

MB. ATTIAS: Yee. And these are the statements of Rockins son:

THE COURT: The one that was in the greep, allegedly, of Mr. Sexon when Mr. Morerle entered the speriment.

MB. ATTIAB: Yea. He was the one went to the front door, saye his Saxon put the gain to his head, and that's where it started. We are calling the younger, the Rodrige son:

THE COURT: Defense Exhibit 8 is

Mr. Perus Sucreu's statement to the Middletown police.

MS. ATTIAS: Yes.

THE COURT: And there page one of Delense B.
Page two of Defense B is the translation of that statement?

MR. ATTIAGO. Courses

MB. ATTIAB: Correct. THE COURT: Okay.

MS. ATTIAS: "Today at around 12:00 o'clock in the morning I was at 221 North Street, Apartment One, in the dining room with my dad, Rodriga, laidro and Juan Moreria chetting. Somebody knocked on the door, and I went to open the door. I opened the door and I saw a block guy about my height but a little bit tellen. The black guy sold to me, 'stay mother fuckers.' The black guy pointed a gun to my head touching my head and I put my hands up and turned around. When I turned around, the black guy lowered the weapon to the right side of my neak. Juan approached me and the black guy shot the gun twice right bealds my head. I managed to grab the black guy's right hand with both of my hands to try to stop him from shooting again. I screamed, hele me." While I was holding the black guy's hand, he fired one shot again and shot the door beakle the front door. I don't know if the black guy hit me to try to get me off him but I have a bruise on the left side of my face. At that time my ded and Juan arrived to help me. Jakiro had gone downstales to the bathroom before, and that's why he ween't there at that time. I screemed for laking to arrive. I don't know how the bedroom door opened but it opened and

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we fell on top of a bed. The black guy didn't let go of the gur. I ching to the hand with a gun while the other three tried to make the black guy let go of the guin. The black guy let go of the gun and tried to use his strength to eaceps. Between us we managed to grab the black guy, and wreetling, we managed to get to the floor where we managed to stop him. I was restraining his hands. I called \$11 for the politic. The black guy told us in English that he would give us money in order for us not to call the police. This happened at the same time that I was on the phone with the police because the lady saled me who was screaming. Officer Artole told me that the name of the black guy who got arrected in Torrell Saxon. I'm et Middiblown Police Stution and I'm giving this statement voluntarily to Officer Artols who is writing it down for me, and I have read it and it is the truth."

And then it just goes on to indicate the penalty of parjury section of the New York State Law.

And that, your Honor, is the English translation of the witness' original Spanish statement which is page one of Exhibit II.

THE COURT: Olary.

MS. ATTIAS: Defense Exhibit C is a statement made, and i'm sorry, the date of that statement, Judge, and i'll hand it up as soon as i'm finished reading, is March 28

at about 4:37 in the moming:

Defence C is a sistement that Rodrigo Peres-Suarez made to Agent DiGirolemo on September 6. I'm going to just skip the introductory about who it was made to, who it was translated by a Middletown detective, Jose Vasquez. And I'm going the start at the paragraph three, which is the incident itself.

"On the day of the shooting his father"— "his," speaking of Rodrigo sors

"On the day of the shooting, his ligher called him to an to Juan's house, Juan Moraria and Antonio Mario. M-E-R-L-O, lived at 221 North Street. Perez, his fether. lakho and Juan were hanging out at 221 North Street the entire day. Merio was in the bedroom throughout the day. Perez, his father and laking work together. Juan used to work there. They were outside drinking lightly throughout the days. They went incide at approximately nine or 10:00 p.m. to eat and drink. Perez was walking up the steps coming back from the downstairs bathroom. He heard the knock on the front door and answered it. He didn't see anyone, swung the door closed and welfed aways. The suspect pushed the door and rushed up behind him and pointed the gun at his temple. The suspect told Perez to put his hands up. He put his hands up and they started moving incide the spartment. They were at Juan's door when the other

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accupants were in sight. Suspect yelled, 'stay mather fuctors.' The people who were in the apartment when the suspect come wee Peres, his fether, letting, Juan and another guy that lived in the apartment. Another person who he doesn't know and Merio wee in his room. He never sew the suspect before, and he has only been at the apartment three times. When the guy told him to put his hands up, everyone else realized something was going on. They moved from the center of the kitchen. They were sitting around the table in the kitchen. The suspect fired two shots and he saw the suspect's hand and the gun over his shoulder and he grabbed the arm with the gun and pushed him against the well.

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"During the struggle, another shot went off and hit the wall by Juan's door. He yelled to his fether to help him. He noticed that his fether came up to help, he yelled to lake for help, lake saked what was going and he said, 'get up here quick.'

"During the struggle, Juan's door opened and they fell into the bedroom on the bed. The suspect fell first and he never let go of the gun. He lell on the suspect. Island helped him by grabbing the gun. He hit him on the side and put his larse on the suspect back neck area. The gun fell into a loundry backet rout to the bed. It stayed there until police arrived. When the guy was on the floor, island and his father was holding the suspect down and he

wee able to take out his celiphone and cell the police. The suspect was yelling while he was on the phone with police. The suspect said that if they let him go he would give them money.

5 Perez is not sure where Merio was during the . incident. Merlo wean't in the kitchen when he went to the betwoom, and he didn't see him during the incident. Peres . was not drinking at all that day. Perez stated that he is In the country Regally. He's been in the United States 10 for about three years. He crossed the border from Sonors, 11 Maxico, welfied through the desert. Immigration cought him. 12 they processed him and departed him to Mexico. They put him 13 on the bue and sent him back to Mexico. He went to 14 Mexicall, Mexico and came through Calaxico, California. He has not had any problems with the law in the United States. 15 18 He's never used drugs. He has never been with a 17 prostitute."

THE COURT: Who is the speaker in that statement? in that the agent that's speaking?

MS. ATTIAS: I think it's the agent. Mr. Gorber

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MR. GERBER: Can I clarify, your Honor?
THE COURT: Sure.
MR. GERBER: There was an interview that was

conducted. Detective Vasquez was a translator for that

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Interview. Special Agent DiGirolemo was present for the Interview and he prepared this report of the Interview that was conducted of Mr. Perez.

THE COURT: But I's Mr. Perez that's providing the information.

MR. GERBER: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: Olany.

MS. ATTIAS: And, Judge, I'm going to hand those up to you now.

At this time the defense calls Middletown identification Officer Michael Brownstein.

THE COURT: While he's coming in, what is an identification officer?

MS. ATTIAS: I would have thought detective, but that's what he's called.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, he's the CSU officer for the Department. For whatever reason, the Internal name is Identification officer. That's what it's called.

THE COURT: Olary.

MS. ATTIAS: It's kind of like the whole

21 criminalistics, balletics thing.

THE CLERIC Please come forward.

MICHAEL BROWNSTEIN, having been duly sworn, was called as a witness and testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please be seated. State your full

Brownstein - Direct - Atting

name for the record and spell your name, your full name.

THE WITNESS: Michael S. Brownstein,
3 B-R-O-W-N-S-T-E-I-M.

4 DIRECT EXAMINATION

S BY MR. ATTIAR:

6 Q. Good afternoon, Officer Brownstein?

A. Good afternoon.

Q. Is this the first time you've ever been called by a delense attorney?

10 A Na

11 Q. Okay. Oh, good.

12 Officer Brownstein, can you please describe your
13 experience in the police force for the Court?

A. I have 39 years in police work.

Q. And was that all in Middletown?

16 A. No.

17 Q. Where else did you work before Middletown?

A. Twenty-eight years in Middletown and five years in Town of Feliaberg in Sullivan County.

Q. By the way, have you and I ever met or ever spoken?

21 A A

Q. This is the first time we're seeing each office;

23 correct?

26 A Yo

Q. When did you start doing crime scene investigations?

	Case 1:13-cv-04966-ER Document 6	Filed 08/22/13 Page 20 of 75
	Brownetsin - Direct - Attine	Brownstein - Direct - Attise
1	A. I started in 1982 with the City of Middletown.	1 A. Okey. I responded to the scene where I met Sergeant
2	Q. And can you please describe for us the training that	2 Weich and Officer Sommer who was safeguarding the scene.
3	you had in order to do crime scene investigation?	3 Nobody else was in the spertment other than Officer Sommer
4	A. I have over a thousand hours of training in crime scene	4 and Sergeant Weich. When I walked in there, the apartment,
5	techniques; photography, videography and fingerprint	8 room number one was right to my right and there was a
6	techniques.	6 kitchen straight sheed with another room towards the back
7	Q. And was that state and federal training?	7 and a back door.
8	A Yes	8 Q. And what was - did you see balletics evidence in the
9	Q. And any idea about how many crime scenes you've	9 apartment?
10	investigated?	10 A. Yee, I did.
11	A. Over the years, thousands.	11 Q. What evidence did you see?
12	Q. I'm going to draw your attention to March 25, 2012.	12 A. I saw a projectile hole in the door to number one of
13	Did you respond to 221 North Street, Apartment One, that	13 221 North Street. I observed two shell casings on the floor
14	early morning?	14 In the kitchen area. I sew a projectile strike in kitchen
15	A Yes	18 area going towards the back of the door, back door, and I
16	Q. And what was it that brought you to the speriment?	16 saw a bullet strike in the back door of the apartment.
17	A. I wee contected by headquarters, they advised me that	17 Q. Did you recover the gun?
18	there was a shooting where nobody was shot but there was	18 A. Yea.
19	some evidence that needed to be collected.	19 Q. Where did you recover a gun?
20	Q. And did you go over to the apertment on your own or	20 A. It was in room number one.
21	with amptiody elec?	21 Q. And what kind of gun was k?
22	A. I was by myself.	22 A. It was a .22 seminutometic platol.
23	Q. And before I show you some photographs, I'm going to	23 Q. About how long do you think you spent in the spartment
24	ask you to please describe from the best of your memory what	24 that morning?
25	you did in the epertment that morning.	25 A. I am not sure how long it was there?
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		Brownstein - Direct - Attine
1	Q. Did you to	te photographe se well as collect the
2	evidence?	
3	A. You I did	
4	Q. And what	type of photographs, what were they
5	photographs of	7
6	A Of the sos	ne both exterior and interior.
7	Q. Did you file	nd any bullete in the apartment?
8	A No.	
9	Q. And se pe	rt of your investigation into bedroom one, did
10	you find any but	let impact marks or terminal marks from a
11	builet inside the	t room?
12	A Na	
13	Q. I'm going t	lo get back to that strike in a few moments,
14	but first I'm goin	g to sak you to take to look at a few
15	pictures that are	aiready in evidence. I'm going to ask you
16	first to take a lo	ok et Government's Exhibite 110, 111 I
17	just went to mel	io suro.
18	(Cou	neel confer)
19	Q. I'm sorry, t	het's Exhibite 110, 111 and 226. Those are
20	in evidence sire	edy, Officer.
21	MS.	ATTIAS: Judge, I just went to make sure what
22	I'm showing him	is actually in evidence.
23	A. Okuje	
24	THE	COURT: Officer, while they're doing that, you
25	previously testiff	led or referred to a bedroom as bedroom

THE WITNESS: Yes. It's the Apartment One on 221 3 North Street THE COURT: Olanv. THE WITNESS: It's a duplax building. You have 5 221 le on your right-hand side, and 221 and a half was on 6 7 your left. It was Apartment Number One of 221 North Street. 8 THE COURT: Okay. But you went into the speriment and you said you went to or there was a bedroom which you 10 referred to as bedroom number one. THE WITNESS: It would be the same thing, because 11 12 there was a multi-kitchen area for the two rooms, so it's probably either room number one or could be known as 14 Apartment One or Apartment Two in the multi-dwelling area. Because It's a common kitchen for that section of the house, 15 the building. 16 THE COURT: Now you're confusing me. So, in it 17 18 one apartment or le it à common area with two different 19 bedrooms that you are referring to as different apartments? A. Yes. It has a common area for two different 21 apartments. 22 THE COURT: With two different apartments. All 23 right BY MS. ATTIAS: Q. Officer, maybe I could help clarify that a little bit.

	Case 1:13-cv-04966-ER Document 6	File	ed 08/22/13 Page 21 of 75
	Brownstein - Direct (Attles)		Brownstein - Direct (Atties)
1	known to be, for went of a better word, drug houses?	1	MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. Calls for
2	MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.	2	hearasy.
3	THE COURT: If he knows.	3	THE COURT: Studented.
4	A Yea	- 4	BY MB. ATTIAS:
5	Q. I know it's my question, but when you say "yes," can	5	Q. Are you aware, just a "yee" or "no," there were other
•	you please describe for the Court, please, what you mean by		crime scene investigations in that area prior to that night?
7	that?	7	MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.
•	A. There are known houses that drug users and drug dealers		THE COURT: Sustained to the form.
9	reside in and use for their habits.		BY MB. ATTIAS:
10	Q. And according to was one of those, around the time	10	Q. Officer Brownstein, when you took the photoe of strike
11	of this incident, was one of those 120 Wickham?	11	A, that's the bullet mark in bedroom one, did you use any
12	A Yea	12	make any measurements of the bullet strike itself?
13	Q. And how far is 120 Wickham from 221 North Street?	13	A. Yea.
14	A. Within a half mile.	14	Q. And what kind of measurements did you make of the
15	Q. And had you ever had contact with 221 North Street	15	bullet strike? I'm not talking about floor to strike. You
16	before the morning you had responded to this incident?	16	told us you measured from the floor to where the strike hit
17	A. I don't understand the question.	17	the door; correct?
18	Q. Had you ever had to deal with any drugs, arrests,	18	A Yea
19	issues that happened to 221 North Street before Merch 25,	19	Q. And what other measurements did you take?
20	20127	20	A. If you're saking me the also of it
21	A. Personelly, no.	21	Q. No, I'm not asking you the size. What kind of
22	Q. Are you aware of other incidents that had happened at	22	techniques did you use, is my question.
23	that house	23	A. Use a tape measure.
24	MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.	24	Q. And when you took the photoe of the door, was that tape
26	Q just a few months prior to this incident?	25	measure reflected in the photos?
	167 Brownstein - Direct (Atties)	1	168
	• •		Brownstein - Direct (Atties)
1	A. No.	1	Q. Okey, it's some sort of a long, skinny dowel?
2	Q. And do you normally by to take a photo with the	2	A. Yes.
3	measurement against whatever it is you're measuring so other	3	Q. And did it go through the strike hole?
•	people can look at it down the line like now?	4	A. Yea.
5	A. At times, yes.	5	Q. And using that line that you were able to come out
6	Q. And when you say you used a tape measure, what did you	6	with, again, did you look along the wall and see if you
7 8	do with that inpe measure?	7	could see anything at the height where a bullet might have
•	A. I put one end on the floor and one up to where the bullet strike was.		ne?
10		•	A. Yee, I did.
11	any	i (Q. And did you see anything?
	measurements or anything; correct?	111	A. No.

12 A. Carrect

> Q. Did you put any sort of a dowel through the strike, strike A, in order to ascertain whatever you could about that?

A. Yes.

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Q. And can you please describe that for the Court?

18 A. Describe what I --

Q. What you did Yes.

A. It's part of the trajectory equipment I have, basically knitting needles connected to each other, and just put it through the hole to get the directionality of the projectile.

Q. Are they actually knitting needles?

A. No, they're not

Q. And did you thoroughly search bedroom one for that bullet? A Yes Q. And found nothing? A. Correct

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Brownstein, could have been the cause of that? A. Could be numerous things.

Q. Lie?

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21 People that are, civilians that are in the house 22 getting the projectile in the bottom of their shoes, police officers in the bottom of their shoes or the projectile could just dishtegrate.

Q. What, in your experience, Detective, Officer

Q. From the kind of hit or whetever it hit?

	Case 1:13-cv-04966-ER Docum	ent 6 F	iled 08/22/13 Page 22 of 75
1	Brownstain - Direct (Atline)		Brownstein - Direct (Atties)
1	A Yea	1	Q. No dirty clothee, any dirty clothee near R? A. Not next to the gue.
2	Q. And how would you describe a certridge, a builte?	2 3	N
3	Are there fingerprinte? In that a good surface for		
4	Ingerprints to be left on and found on?	7	E
8	A. Roan ba.	8	
•	Q. And a glass from a liquor bottle, how would be that be?	•	dity clothing?
7	A. R can be so well.	7	A. I believe the leundry was as you first valled in to the
•	Q. And do you see the gloves depicted in the photo on the	•	null on the left.
•	floar?		Q. And how far, about how far away?
10	A Yea	10	A. I didn't take measurements of that.
11	Q. The inside of letex gloves, how were those what kind	11	Q. I'm asking you sort of ballpark, 2 feet, 4 feet,
12	of a surface in that for recovering linguiprints from?	12	5 hol?
13	A. You can get fingerprints out of there. I never have in	13	A. At least five and a half, sh: feet.
14	my experience but you can.	14	Q. Away from the loundry.
15	Q. And, so, did you procees any evidence for fingerprints	15	A Yea
16	that were that you found in the apartment?	18	Q. Now at some point - well, were you aware that someone
17	A No.	17	brought a roll of paper towels into, I'm just salding if you
18	Q. And the shell casings on the floor, I don't remember if	18	know, I don't know if you know this or not, that at some
19	I saled you, I'm sorry, the shell casings, the spant - you	10	point a roll of paper towele appeared with what appeared to
20	did not fingerprint those either; correct?	20	be a builet hole in K?
20 21	A. Correct	21	Do you have any knowledge of that lient?
21 22	Q. When you saw the gun on the floor of bedroom one, do	22	A. I don't recall.
	you recall if there was anything else around it on the floor	23	Q. That night, did you recover a paper towel with a built
2 3	or If it was just by itself?	24	hale in it?
24 25	A. I didn't see anything eine beekle it.	25	A. I don't believe i did.
44	A. I Wall to my may	ı	
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	185		164 December - Object (Atthew)
	169 Brownstein - Direct (Attine)		Brownstein - Direct (Attine)
1			Brownstele - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area?
1 2-	Brownstein - Direct (Attine)	1 2	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.
	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projective anywhere in		Brownstele - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area?
2	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the spartment?	2	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.
2 3 4	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the apartment? A. No. Q. Now, officer you were just talking about some clothing	2 3	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAS:
2 3 4 5	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, diffeer you were just tailding about some clothing that was on the floor of bedroom one; right?	2 3 4	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MRL GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There desert appear to be sufficient foundation for the question.
2 3 4 5	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, officer you were just talking about some clothing that was on the floor of badroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing	2 3 4 5	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAS:
2 3 4 8 6 7	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectites anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, officer you were just tailding about some clothing that was on the floor of bedroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to?	2 3 4 5	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAB: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, officer you were just talking about some clothing that was on the floor of bedroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No.	2 3 4 8 6	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAB: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectifies anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, afficer you were just tailding about some clothing that was on the floor of bedroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No. Q. Did you have any contact with the people who fixed	2 3 4 8 0 7	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MM. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAS: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years. Q. And in that 28 years, have you pretty much driven every
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectifes anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, afficer you were just talking about some clothing that was on the floor of badroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No. Q. Did you have any contact with the people who fived inside the spartment in your work on this case?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? AMP. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAS: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years. Q. And in that 28 years, have you pretty much driven every street in Middletown?
2 3 6 5 6 7 8 9 10	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, afficer you were just teliding about some clothing that was on the floor of badroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No. Q. Did you have any contact with the people who lived inside the spartment in your work on this case? A. Just took photographs of the victim.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Brownstein - Direct (Attina) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MS. ATTIAS: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years. Q. And in that 28 years, have you pretty much driven every street in Middletown? A. Yea.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projective anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, allicer you were just telking about some clothing that was on the floor of badroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No. Q. Did you have any contact with the people who lived inside the spartment in your work on this case? A. Just took photographs of the victim. Q. When you say 'the victim,' who do you meen by that?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Brownstele - Direct (Attles) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? AML GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAS: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years. Q. And in that 28 years, have you pretty much driven every street in Middletown? A. Yea. Q. And are you familiar with the various areas of the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) Q. And did you find any deformed projective anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, afficer you were just talking about some clothing that was on the floor of bedroom one; right? Do you know if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No. Q. Did you have any contact with the people who fived inside the spartment in your work on this case? A. Just took photographs of the victim. Q. When you say "the victim," who do you mean by that? A. Person they had brought back to the police station that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Brownstein - Direct (Attine) area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the question. BY MB. ATTIAB: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years. Q. And in that 28 years, have you pretty much driven every street in Middletown? A. Yea. Q. And are you familiar with the various areas of the City?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And did you find any deformed projectiles anywhere in the spartment? A. No. Q. Now, afficer you were just talking about some clothing that was on the floor of bedroom one; right? Do you land if there was any — who that clothing belonged to? A. No. Q. Did you have any contact with the people who fived inside the apartment in your work on this case? A. Just took photographs of the victim. Q. When you say "the victim," who do you meen by that? A. Person they had brought back to the police station that they interviewed. Q. Do you know what victim number he was? A. All I impurise he resided in Apartment Number One. Can't even tell you his name. Q. Do you know if any clothing was returned to the detendent or a family member during the course of this in the deye after the detendent's arrest? A. Not to my knowledge.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 18 16 17 18 19 20 21	area of 221 North Street as a high-crime area? MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: There doesn't appear to be sufficient foundation for the queetion. BY MB. ATTIAB: Q. How long have you been on the Middletown police force? A. Twenty-eight years. Q. And in that 28 years, have you pretty much driven every street in Middletown? A. Yee. Q. And are you familiar with the various areas of the City? A. Yee. Q. And are some of the areas lower crime and some higher crime? A. Yee. Q. Ard are some of the areas lower crime and some higher crime? A. Yee. MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: Overruled. BY MB. ATTIAB: Q. Are some lower drug areas and some higher drug areas? A. Yee.

It's a higher drug, known drug area.

Q. Now, I know you're Crime Scene and not a foot officer or line-of-duty officer, but can you, would you describe the

24

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	Brownstein - Direct - Atties		Brownstein - Direct - Atting
1	MS. ATTIAS: Judge, I'm just going to approach for	1	the witness.
2	a moment to just look at that third picture that I gave him.	2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	BY MB. ATTIAS:	3	MR. GERBER: HI may?
4	Q. Officer Brownstein, did you take that photo?	4	THE COURT: You may.
5	A. Again, I am not sure If I took this one or not. I	5	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION
•	would have to look at my photos to let you know if this is		BY MR. GERBER:
7	the same photo that I took.	7	Q. Officer Brownstein, do you recall if on the night when
8	Q. From looking at that photo, are you able to identify		you were in the apartment the table here was in the same
9	what it is a photo of?		position as - if the table was in the same position as it
10	A. It's from the appears to be the back door going	10	is in Exhibit 2267
11	towards the front door of the second spartment also.	11	A. I don't remember.
12	Q. 01 221 North Street, Apartment One.	12	Q. And do you recall whether the retrigerator here on the
13	A. Yea.	13	left of the picture is in the same position as it was the
14	Q. And is it a fair and accurate representation of what	14	night you were in the apartment?
15	that area of Apartment 221 — I'm sorry, 221 North Street,	15	A. I don't remember either.
16	Apartment One, looked the the morning that you were there	16	Q. And is it possible that they were moved between the
17	on March 25, 20127	17	time when you were in the apartment and when this picture
18	A. From what I remember, yee.	18	wee taken?
19	MB. ATTIAS: Judge, I move that into evidence as	19	A. I would guess it could be possible. It's been over a
20	Defense, I'm skipping a few, but it's going to be Defense E.	20	year.
21	THE COURT: Mr. Gerber?	21	Q. You don't know when this picture was taken; do you?
22	MR. GERBER: Your Honor, can we have one moment,	22	A. Na.
23	your Hanar?	23	MR. GERBER: With that, no objection, your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Sure.	24	THE COURT: Olary, it will be received. That's

	150
	Brownelein - Direct - Attles
1	MS. ATTIAS: Yea.
2	(Defendant's Exhibit E received in evidence)
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION
4	BY MB. ATTIAS: (Canta)
5	Q. Officer Brownstein, I'm going to ask you to take a look
6	at Government's Exhibite 135 and 136 which are already in
7	evidence and ask you to take a look at those, please.
8	A. (Viewing photographs)
9	Q. Do you know if you took those photos?
10	A. Yea, I did.
11	Q. And what do those photos depict?
12	A. This is room or Apartment Number One at 221 North
13	Street. The flooring has a Cheez Doodle beg, bottle of Skol
14	Vodks, some keys, gloves and currency on the floor.
15	MS. ATTIAS: Judge, I'm sorry, the government
16	doesn't actually have them. I'll have the copies here and
17	it's probably easier to put them up on the screen.
18	Q. Can you see that, Officer Brownstein?
19	A. Yee, I care.
20	Q. Do you actually recall taking this photo and recall the
21	room looking like this or part of the room that looked like
22	this?

24 Q. In your training as a crime scene officer, have you

25 been, have you submitted evidence for fingerprinting?

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, we would ask to voir dire

25

23

160 Brownstein - Direct (Atties) A. I can procees evidence for fingerprints myself. 1 Q. And did you fingerprint the vodite bottle that was 3 depicted in 135? A Na 5 Q. Did anyone ask you to do that? 7 Q. You testified that you found shell casings, two shell 8 casings in the kitchen, right? 9 A. Yes. Q. Did you ever process those shell casings for 10 11 Angerprinte? 12 A. Na. 13 Q. Did you handle the weapon after it was recovered? 14 And by that I specifically am asking did you remove the 15 certridges, the bullets, from the gun? 16 A Yes Q. To make it safe; right? 17 A. Correct 19 Q. And did you ever process those certridges for fingerprints? 21 22 Q. And can you tell the Court If the metal of a certridge 23 is a -- well, let me ask another question first. 24

Are there certain surfaces that take fingerprints

25

better then others?

A Yes

A. I belleve so.

save that for a moment from now.

23

24

hell

23

24

	1	155
		Brownstein - Direct - Atties
1	A Just ab	out three.
2	a. Does th	ut help you, can you give us an estimate about
3	how wide the	t heliwey was?
4	A. I don't	mow how wide the tiles are.
5	Q. And did	you take any measurements of that hallway?
6	A Na	
7	Q. Is that	omething that you normally do is take
8	messuremen	ts inside of a crime scene?
9	A Yea	
10	G. And wh	y did you not do that in this case?
11	A. Because	e it ween't necessary to take the measurements of
12	the width of t	he hallway.
13	a. Well in	ero mero —
14	#	B. ATTIAS: Withdrawn.
15	Q. Do you	know how long approximately the hallway was from
16	cell it standin	g outside bedroom one to the kilichen?
17	A Na	
18	Q. And you	u did not take measurements of that either?
19	A I would	have to look to see in my diagram and notes if
20	i took meesu	rements of the length of the halfways.
21	Q. Well de	you recall taking measurements of anything
22	about the he	Ney, the kitchen or the bedrooms?
23	A Yee	
24	a. And wh	et measurements did you take that you recall?
25	A. I took	neasurements of the projectile strike in the

and 111, which are in evidence?

What do those two photos depict?

A. Okay.

24

25 0.

finer in the kitchen to the back door and the height from the floor to the builet strike in the back door, as well as the bullet strike from the floor to the front door where the bullet went into Apartment One. Q. The built strike in the kitchen? A. First measurement was, I look was from the bullet strille in the kitchen area to the back door. Q. The ricochet mark. A Yes Q. You. Okaye. A. And then the height from the floor to the ricochet on 12 the door? 13 Q. Olanya A. And another measurement was the height from the floor 14 15 to where the entry of the bullet went into room number one 16 or Aperiment Number One. Q. So looking at the door of bedroom number one, you went 17 18 from floor up to built strike? A Yes 19 20 Q. And those are the only measurements that you recall 21 taking that evening.

Q. Now, when you examined what we've been calling strike

A, which is the -- you know what, I'm sarry, I'm going to

Q. I think there were -- how many across are there in the

Streetschaft - Direct - Atting

Brownstein - Cross (Gerber)

before the witness leaves the stand?

THE COURT: I'm sorry, I can't hear you.

MR. GERBEN: Yes, your Honor.

Q. Good afternoon, Officer Brownstein. Were you the first

police officer on the scene at 221 North Street, Apartment

MR. BLOOM: Could we just have one moment, your

Honor?

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THE COURT: Sum.

(Pause)

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. GERREN.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, with the Court's permission, we have the photographs to which Officer Brownstein is retending, and with the Court's permission, we would inquire of Officer Brownstein regarding these photographs and offer them into evidence.

THE COURT: Well, let's do it this way first. Do you have any redirect examination?

MS. ATTIAS: I do not, and I'm not going to object to the introduction of the photoe.

THE COURT: Olay.

(Pouss)

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, may I approach? THE COURT: You may.

BY MR. GERBER:

Q. Officer Brownstein, I show you what has been marked as Government Exhibite 151, 152 and 153. Do you recognize those photographs?

Q. And what do you recognize them to be?

Brownstein - Cross (Gerber)

A. They're the photographs I took of the violen from 221 Morth Street

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, at this time the Government offere Exhibite 151, 152, 153 into evidence.

MS. ATTIAS: Judge, I don't have any objection but aince we have been naming some names here, I just want to be clear that I think that this is V-1 whose reports were read earlier, Rodrigo the younger.

MR. GERBER: That's correct. These are pictures of Rodrigo Perez-Suerez.

THE COURT: Very well. There being no objection, 151, 152 and 153 was 27

MR. GERBER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Will be received.

(Government's Exhibit 151,152, 153 received in evidence

MS. ATTIAS: And I have nothing further for this witness, your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't have the copies of those exhibite; do 17

> MR. GERBER: No, you do not, your Honor. THE COURT: Could I see those?

MR. GERBER: Of course.

(Pause)

THE COURT: What types of marks, if you recall?

THE WITNESS: Just the being struck somehow.

MR. BLOOM: Can we have one moment, your Honor,

In that right?

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of his forehead.

23 24 25

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20 21

24 A Yes I de

	Case 1:13-cv-04966-ER Document (6 Fil	ed 08/22/13 Page 26 of 75
	Brownstein - Cross (Gerber)		Saxon - Direct (Attina)
.	THE COURT: Anything further for Officer	,	BY MB. ATTIAS:
1 2	Brownstein?	2	Q. Torrell, I'm going to draw your attention to the night'
	MR. GERBER: No, your Honor.	3	of March 24 and to early morning of March 25, 2012 of lest
3	MS. ATTIAS: No. Judga.	4	year, 2012; do you recell that night?
	THE COURT: Officer Brownstein, you may step down.	5	A You
5	THE WITNESS: Thank you, Judge.		Q. Earlier that day, where had you been?
•		7	A. I was in Yonkers with my girlfriend.
7	(Witness excused) MB. ATTIAS: And, your Honor, I went to make sure		Q. And is she in court today?
8	l l		A Yea
9	what I entered as Defense E you actually had in a binder	10	Q. Can you point her out for Judge Ramoe?
10	although it was not yet in evidence as Government	11	A She's back there.
11	THE COURT: 226.		and the state of t
12	MS. ATTIAS: Yee. So do you have that or do you	12	
13	want my	13	Pretilect? Maybe not. It's hard to know.
14	THE COURT: I have 226.	14	At some point, did you come back to Middletown?
15	MS. ATTIAS: Okay. And that's now Defence E.	15	A Yea
16	THE COURT: Yes.	16	Q. About what time was that, if you know?
17	MB. ATTIAS: At this time the defence calls	17	A. I'm not sure. It was around seven or eight.
18	Torrell Sevon to the stand.	18	Q. And what were you - where did you go?
19	TORRELL SAXON, having been duly sworn, was called	19	A. I went to my sunt's house in Middletown.
20	es a witness and testified as follows:	20	Q. And what were you doing in her house that evening?
21	THE CLERK: Please be sected. State your full	21	A. I had something to eat, and then I had a little bit to
22	name and spell your full name for the record.	22	ana.
23	THE WITNESS: Torrell Sexon, T-O-R-R-E-L-L,	23	Q. What were you drinking?
24	S-A-X-O-N	24	A. Honnessy.
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION	26	Q. Honnessy?
-			
	178	1	176
	Sexon - Direct (Atties)		Sexon - Direct (Atties)
_	A V.	1,	Q. And what shoes were you wearing?
1	And, if you recall, how much did you have to drink	2	A. Same shoes I have on.
2	White you were in the house?	3	Q. And over and what kind of shose are they?
3		4	A. Ugg boots.
4	Not that much. Before you left the house well, did you leave the	5	Q. Could you just stand up please so the Judge can just
5		6	take a look at your bottom half of you?
6	house that evening?	7	A. (Witness complying)
7	A Yea		THE COURT: Okay.
8	Q. And do you know what time that was?		BY MB. ATTIAS:
9	A. No.	10	Q. And over those brown panis, you say that there was
10	Q. Before you left the house, did you prepare anything to	11	another pair of pants?
11	take with you?	12	A. Yea.
12	A. Yee.	13	Q. What color were they?
13	Q. What did you do?	1	
14	A. I got dressed. I went and got, It's called a little	14	
15	pouch that I put pills and stuff in, and I got dressed with	15	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
16	two pair of pants on. I put the brown pants that I have on	16	and somebody had saled for some pills. So I took my little
17	now, then I put on another pair of blue panis over it and i	17	
18	put the pauch ineide my left packet.	18	pouch that I usually leap the pills in. I put it in my
19	Q. Okay. Let's just take that a little bit more slowly.	19	pocket. When I put on two pair of pants, If I go to get
20	When you got dressed, you're saying you put on two pairs of	20	searched, they don't feel it because it's thin. So I had
94	nente?	21	the extra pair of pants on to cover up the pouch.

A. Yeek.	5	A. My brown pants pocket, the ones I have on now, the
Q. How long had you been out of town for?	6	second — the first pair that I put on.
A. A month.	7	Q. And then over that you put a second pair of pants.
Q. And where were you during that time?		A. Youk.
A. With my girlfriend in Yonkers.	•	Q. What were you wearing on top?
Q. And where was your phone that these messages had been	10	A. The blue jeens and up top I had on a white shirt and I
on, where was it while you were in Yonkers?	11	had a jacket and my hat.
A. In Mikilboung.	12	Q. What kind of hat?
Q. So, can you describe, you said you put the pills in a	13	A. I had a gray jacket, an Echo jacket and a black hat.
little pouch?	14	Q. Now when you left the house, Torrell, where did you got
A. Yeark	15	A. From the house I went to Sam's store.
Q. About how big was that? You can show us with your	16	Q. What kind of store is Sem's store?
fingers.	17	A. It's like a grocery store.
A. Pouch le like this big, but it's ultre thin	18	Q. What did you buy there?
(Indicating). It's thin. It's like	10	A. I bought a Four Loke.
Q. About two and a half to three inches across?	20	Q. What is Four Loko?
A. It's kind of like the money, like people used to have	21	A. Four Loko is, it's like liquer. It's liquer.
the change, like loose change pouches. They're this. It's	22	Q. And after you bought the Four Loho at Sam's, then what
thet.	23	did you do?
Q. The kind that squashee flat?	24	A. I took the Four Loko, because I had an Arizona bottle I
A. Yeelt	25	hed the Hennessy in from the house, and I took the Four Loko
· -	İ	
179 Saxon - Direct (Atline)		180 Saxon - Direct (Attles)
and poured half of it into the Hennesey bottle, then i	1,	me was I in town. Then it said, are you in the area and do
welked down to 120 Wickings	2	you have work.
C. Ohme So the Arbence health in that the Arbence		/

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	Sexion - Direct (Atties)		Saxon - Direct (Attles)
1.	and poured half of R Into the Hennesey bottle, then I	1	me was I in town. Then it said, are you in the area and do
2	walked down to 120 Wickham.	2	you have work.
3	Q. Okay. So, the Arizona bottle, is that the Arizona	3	Q. And "work" means?
4	iced Tee you're telicing about?	4	A. Pille.
5	A Yea	5	Q. So you were already known for selling pills around
3	Q. Was there any iced tea left in R?	6	Middletown to some people?
7	A. No, it was just Hermossy.	7	A. To some people.
•	Q. Hennessy. And you poured helf of that into the Arizona	8	Q. And did you go to 120 Wickham?
)	bottle?	9	A You
0	A. I poured Hennessy into the Arizona bottle and I poured	10	Q. Did you go straight there from buying the Four Loke or
•	half the Four Loko.	11	did you do anything else first?
2	Q. Then you went how did you go toward 1 you said	12	A. I went straight to 120 Wickham.
•	you went to 120 Wickham?	13	Q. What happened when you got to 120 Wickham?
•	A Yea.	14	A. I welked upstairs. I went looking around, and there
•	Q. What was 120 Wickham?	15	was nobody there, nobody in the apartments there and nobo
•	A. 120 Wickham was where the people told me, request to	16	downetaka.
•	come to. It's like a drug area.	17	Q. Can you just describe a little bit what 120 Wickham
1	Q. How many messages asking for pills were on your	18	looks like, is it a house, an eperiment building?
'	cellphone, If you remember?	19	A. It's an apartment building, but it's nothing but
'	A. I don't remember.	20	people - drug addicts that five in there.
'	Q. More then one?	21	Q. As fer as you knew, how long had 120 Wickham been a
	A. Youh.	22	drug spot?
	Q. And the people that left those messages saled you to	23	A. Since like, long as I know, like 2008.
	meet them at 120 Wickham?	24	Q. And that night it seemed to be empty?
	A. It was a request I had just got, and it basically saled	25	A Yeek

181 182 Sexon - Direct (Atties) Swon - Direct (Atting) 1 Q. So what happened after that? to sell your pille? 2 A. I loft. I went downstairs and I started walking A. I was out there. 3 towards North Street. Q. Before you bumped into this women, were you trying to G. How far is it from 120 Wickham to North Street? sell pile on the street when 120 Wickhem was empty? 5 A. Life a half mile. £ A. The time I left 120 Wickham, I went straight down, I . Q. And what happened as you got to North Street? went straight towards North Street. I was just walking. 7 When I got to North Street, I made a left and I walked 7 Q. Were you drinking as you were walking? down towards like a laundromet, and when I got there, there 8 A Yes 9 wee a glif that I seen around that I know and she came to me . Q. When you got to North Street, that's when you saw the she asked me if I had work on me. 10 10 women? 11 Q. And what happened? 11 12 A. And I told her, yeeh. 12 Q. Did you and she do anything together? 12 Then she asked me, what? I told her I what I had. 13 A. We walked around after she told me that because she 14 She saled me was I drinking. I told her, yeah. really said she was going to take me to the house, but she 14 She saled me did I want to hang out with her. I said, 15 15 welled down, welled up the hill, come back down and then 16 16 went to a couple houses before we got to the house that she 17 She seld, because you shouldn't be out here, you 17 wee talking about. 18 shouldn't be out here drunk like that. If you want, I could Q. And what were you doing, did you follow her while she 18 take you someplace where you could be comfortable and you 10 19 was walking different places, too? 20 could get your stuff off, meaning that I could give her the 20 21 21 Q. And did you make any pill sales on the street? 22 Q. Olay. Did that happen right away when you saw her or 22 23 did you do anything else first? 23 Q. Did you have any money on you when you left the house 24 A. No, after – excuse me, repeat the question. 24 25 Q. After you left 120 Wickham, were you out there trying A Yes 183 184 Sexon - Direct (Atting) Saxon - Direct (Atties) Q. And do you know how much? 1 Q. And then where did you go? 2 A. I had \$20. 2 A. After we was walking around, we went into the store, 3 Q. Then you said you bought the Four Loke; right? out the store, illus we was back and forth, and then we went 3 Year. over to that 221 North Street. Q. How much clid you have left after that? Q. Had you ever been there before? A. 16.75, \$17. Q. So, when she said she was going to take you to a house 7 And what happened when you got to that house? <u>a</u> where you could get the work off --8 She told me to welt on the porch and she went incide. A Year She --10 Q. — did you know where she was talking about? Q. Torrell, one second. Did you see how she got inside? 10 11 11 A. The front door was open. Q. Old you ask her? 12 12 Q. It was not locked? She just told me to come ---13 13 A. The first door is open. 14 Q. Did you know this woman already? 14 Q. The first door -- clay. And then to get into --15 A. Yeah, I know her. 15 A. To the building, to the apartment - not to the Q. How long had you known har for about? 18 apartment, to the building. A. I met her about three years ago. 17 17 Q. So there's an outer door. Q. Three years ago from now or three years before the 18 18 Yeah, where the porch is at. 19 Incident? 10 Q. Okaya A. From the incident. Over three years. 20 20 A. There's a door and there's two other doors to the 21 Q. So you walked with her along North Street for a while? 21 sportments. 22 22 Q. And did you see if she knocked? Q. Do you have any idea how long you were out there on 23 23

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Q. How far back from her were you when she went in?

I was on the porch up against the rail area.

24

North Street?

25 A. I was out there for a white.

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1

Q. Torrell, when you went into the apartment --

Sexon - Direct (Attinut

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off, they was pushing me against the wall, I was fighting them. It was a big struggle.

you could go in. As I went to go in, she cut in front of

me, and when we got inside, the door closed and the idd in

the picture, Rodriguez, grabbed her, pulled her back, and

three, about four or five guys, they rushed me, grabbed me

Q. Did you have a gun on you. Tome#?

and threw me up against the wall.

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Q.

- Q. Were there gunshots?
- Yeak.
- What happened, as far as you know, with the gun? Did you see a gun? 8
- A. The gun was thrown in my face, and the kid with that picture that they told -- I hit him with an Arksona bottle. 1A
- That was the bottle, when he, when they came in my face, I 11
- 12 jumped back and I swung, hit him with the bottle and I
- 13 started fighting with the gun.
- Q. So, the kid in the picture --14

MS. ATTIAS: Mr. Gerber, what number was that? RY MR ATTIAR.

- 17 Q. Okey. Torrell, I want to make sure, this is Government 18 Exhibit 151; is this the person you're talking about?
- 19

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- Q. And you said he's the guy that had a gum? 20
- 21 A. Yeah. That's the one that throw it in my face.
- 22 Q. Did you see how he was holding the gun or what hand?
- When the gun went in my face, I just started pushing it 23
- back, fighting. We was struggling. The other guye, they 24
 - was still doing whatever they were doing, but I was

Sexon - Direct (Atting)

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Q. And what happened when they rushed you, please describe

A. They went in my pocket. They was taking my clothes

concentrating on the gun. They was still wreating with me.

A. I just seen him grab her and pulled her behind him.

The four, five guye, they just rushed me, I was

2 Q. And you took your bottle that you were holding and you

3 hit him in the face?

A. I grabbed -- I know, the I swung the bottle and I hit

£ him across the face.

- Q. And what happened after thet?
- A. I started struggling with the gun. 7
 - Q. And did the gun go off?

concentrating on them.

that in data!

- 10 Q. Do you know how many times the gun went of?
- 11 I only heard one shot.
- Q. And did -- describe that shot, when in the course of 12
- the struggle did you hear a gun go off? 13
- 14 A. When I was struggling with him, we was all over that
- 18 place and I just know it went off. It went off by my ear.
- I lost my hearing and everything. 16
- 17 Q. And then what happened? You're all struggling, the gun 18
 - aces all.
- 19 A. The gun went all. We were struggling. Some point in 20 time I went to the floor. My clothes was off. They was
- 21 taking my clothes off going through my pockets. From there 22 I was screening.
- 23
- Q. And when you said your clothes were off, you said you 24 were wearing two pairs of pants.
 - A. Yesh

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Saxon - Direct (Attles)

B. ATTIAS: Judge, there is a DVD in this case that we are, I'm going to be entering into evidence without objection as Defendant D. And at this time I'm going to ask that - Ms. Tull and I, I've given her some start-and-stop points, i'm going to sak that some of that be played and after parts are played, I'm going to ask Mr. Saxon describe for us what it is we're watching in the video tapes. In the videotape.

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THE COURT: This is coming in without objection? MR. GERBER: Thet's correct, your Honor. Just to be clear on what it is that we're not objecting to. This is video footage from City of Middletown police cameras. I can tell you what's on the disk that I believe Ms. Atties is entering into evidence. This is video footage from approximately 11:00 a.m. on Merch 24, 2012 to approximately 1:00 a.m. on Merch 25, 2012.

MR. ATTIAS: P.M.

MR. GERBER: It's from, excuse me, 11:00 p.m. on Merch 24, 2012, excuse me, 11:00 p.m. Merch 24, 2012. The video footage le from approximately 11:00 p.m. on March 24, 2012 to approximately 1:00 a.m. on March 25, 2012. And these are police cameras in the vicinity of 136 North Street. That's one camera. A second camera in the vicinity of Threil Park

THE COURT: Of what park?

Sexon - Direct (Atties)

MR. GERBER: Threat, T-H-R-A-L-L. A third police camera in the vicinity of the corner of Wickham and North, and a fourth camera at the corner of Wickham and Low.

MS. ATTIAS: So, If we could, with Mr. Gerber's clarify, I'm going to be asking that action be played from camera ten and camera eight. If we could just clarify, carners ten is pieced where? Oh, you don't know.

All right. Let's just get to the camera. Okay, could you please start, Ma. Tull, at 11:13? BY MS. ATTIAS:

Q. Torrell, just weich this on your screen, and we're going to watch for a little bit, and I'm going to sak you to describe what you're seeing.

Actually, as soon as you see anything you recognite in this, please sak us to stop and we'll stop there.

A. Oh, you can stop.

What is it that you want to point out? 18 a

This screen keeps blinking. I can't ---19

20 Q. Oken. So -21

But that's the girl right there and that's me. We was in front of 120 Wickham during that - from like that whole from 11 all the way down like we was right here. That's me wallding, and that's the glif right in front of me.

MS. ATTIAS: You know what, Judge, I think it

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Sexon - Direct (Atting)

could be easier if I could stand next him when he's pointing things out.

THE COURT: I don't see any individuals in this screen shot at all, unless, there's a store there. There appears to be a store all the way to the right-hand side. BY MS. ATTIAS:

- Q. So Ms. Tull just put an arrow at the bottom.
- A. Yeah. That's the girl. That's ma.
- Q. The double arrow is you?

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A. The double arrow is me. Yes.

MS. ATTIAS: Can you keep on going, please?

- A. That's me crossing the street.
- Q. Oksy. You're crossing the street right now?

MB. ATTIAS: Judge, I wean't going to put times on each of these stops and starts --

THE COURT: Before you put times, how can you tell, I can't tell that that's anything other than a stick figure, quite honestly.

How do you know that that's you?

THE WITNESS: Because in my -- I could blow this right here on the side, you could blow it up and you could see everything that I have on. Plus, if you follow me all through this camera, you see me a couple times real clear,

THE COURT: Olary. Well, when you see yourself real clear, you let me know. Olary?

Saxon - Direct (Attles)

Go sheed

- A. Number two right here or you could do split screens right there from that. Can you leave it on one from that? When it's like that, I can't really see it.
- Q. So you needed the smaller view again?
- A. Yeek. And if it's possible, because my screen is itse halfway, I'm only seeing half. I know you could see more than the screen. I need to go up some here.

The way this is, you're not going to be able to see me on the other side of the street. I don't know if you push this — If you could get this camera place to go up more where you could see the side of the street, you'll be able to see me.

MB. ATTIAS: Could we try getting to 11:187
THE WITNESS: You need the other side of the street and this is -can you put it back on one? Because on two I can't tell what's going on.

- Q. Okryt
- A. I can't see whet's going on with two times. Could you put it back on one and could you fix it so I could see the other side of the street? Because I'm not on this side of the street.
- Q. Okay. Now we're going to play from about 11:18 and when you see something that you recognize, Torrell, I would

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Saxon - Direct (Atting)

line you to point that out.

A. Excuse me.

MS. ATTIAS: Can you stop it right there?

- Q. Torrell, what do we see right there 11:18?
- A. I'm trying to tell you, how you all have this thing, there's a whole nother side. The same thing i'm looking at all the time. The camera is too low, you're not showing the other side. The other side you could see ms. It's the side of the street. Right now you're showing the right-hand side, you should be showing the left-hand side of the street.

There I go right there. Thet's me and the girl right there.

THE COURT: On the left side.
THE WITNESS: Year.

THE COURT: Lower left.

THE WITNESS: Lower left. There me with the gray jacket, blue pants, my black het. She got on like a dark sweeter.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, which one are you?

THE WITNESS: I'm the one on right side. She's
the one with the hoody, the blue hoody. She's got on blue
jeens and the white sneekers.

Q. And that is you and the gift that you bumped into, the women you said that you know for a few years? Saxon - Direct (Attina)

- A. She was with me that whole entire hour before the scene and everything.
- Q. Olany. So, in this, where we had the picture stopped right here, this is you and this woman wellding up North Street?
- A. This is going back down. We already walked up towards North Street, that was the first time when you first put the arrows up, she was walking by the store and I crossed the street. Now we going back down towards 120 Wickham. But she's — like we going back up towards Wickham.

MS. ATTIAS: Okay. Could you go to 11:21? And more or less 30 seconds or so.

- A. You can't blow it up. When you blow it up, I can't see nothing. You've got to keep it on one.
- Q. She'll make it smaller again.

Olays. Tomell, we're going to play it from here. And when you see anything that you recognize, please start to describe that.

- A. Ther's me coming back. I just passed by. We just passed by on the leth-hand side.
- Q. And, again, how do you know it's you?
- A. If you stop it, you could see ms, you could see me and har a little clearer. Right there.
- Q. So those two figures that you see right there --
- A. If you blow it up, you could see that's me and that's

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Saxon - Direct (Atties)

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Q. This is going to be a big jump to 11:5%.

THE COURT: We can't see this any --

MR. ATTIAS: Judge - can we --

Going too for back.

While we're doing this, Torrell, how many times have 7

vou watched these videotapes?

Every days.

Year. 10

a

And what do you see on the screen now?

That's me and the girl. 19

At the left

And which side are you on?

I'm the one with the hat on. I'm the one on the right خلاف

And are those the same bools that you're wearing now? 2

Years. 17

> S. ATTIAS: Could we please Jump to 11:537 THE COURT: Before you move on, I just want -

Mr. Sexon, what colors that you testify that both you and

the young women were wearing?

THE WITNESS: I have on the gray jacket. The black hat, my blue jeans and these boots that I have on.

The girl has on a dark-blue hoody, hoody sweater and she has like acid-wash jeans and white sneakers.

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Saxon - Direct (Attles)

MS. ATTIAS: Judge, I'm going ask from here so I can see the acreen.

THE COURT: Thet's fine.

BY MS. ATTIAS:

Q. Was there an item of her clothing that stood out for ww/

The sweater.

The cart? a

Yeah. Her sweater. I remember she had a hoody on.

MB. ATTIAB: And 11:53.

Could you all make it small again? I can't see everything that's on there.

MS, ATTIAS: Judge, we're going to move sheed a whole bunch now, but it only unfortunately goes sheed by two seconde at a time.

THE COURT: Okay.

(Pause)

MS. ATTIAS: White Me. Tull is finding the next spol; 11:53, lest week I had marked an item as Defendant's A for identification, this time, without objection from the government, I move it in as Defense A in evidence.

> THE COURT: No objection? MR. GERBER: No. your Honor.

THE COURT: Defence A will be admitted. (Defendant Exhibit A received in evidence)

Saxon - Direct (Atting)

THE COURT: Olary. I just went the record to be clear that, based on what I'm seeing, I don't doubt your teethnony, that the jacket you appear to be wearing, at least to my eyes, looks brownish and the pants look black. I can't otherwise tell what color they are. The hat does appear to be dark colored. And the girl dose appear to be wearing a dark colored awestshirt and dose appear to be weering Jeans.

THE WITNESS: The boots that I have on, If you see, the gray part, it kind of matches with the jacket, they closs. If you look at the boots, they're gray. Look (Indicating).

THE COURT: I see the books. I'm just saying that the colors that you're describing are not, shall we say, being picked up as clearly on the camera. BY MB. ATTIAS:

Q. Torrell, as you were watching this these last months in video review, how was it that you picked out the person you celled "the ob!"?

A. Oh, I had to slow it down and it shows her skipping out the house out the back way. I'll get to that and show you. That's how I knew it was her. I seen this, then I followed -- once I found myeelf, then I started following. rewinding it real alow and just followed the whole thing.

Q. And was there an Nem of --

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RY MR. ATTIAS:

MS. ATTIAS: And, your Honor, I'm going to hand it up for you to take a look at, but for the record, it is a prisoner's personal property record, and I have obtained this from Mr. Sexon's girlfriend who went to the Middletown Police Station to pick up some property of his reflected on this property receipt, and I actually showed it to Officer Artols, of course he had nothing to do with it, reflected on here were various items that were returned to his family member, including blue jeens, a black belt and a gray zip-up as well as some other home. I'm going to hand that up to the Court.

Seven - Direct (Atties)

There was a vodice bottle that was left with the Middletown PD, and New York State ID, two credit cards, a date book, a gray zip-up, bluejeene and a black hat. These items were taken by the police and then returned with the exception of the bottle. Black bell. Bluejeans, black bell, army zip-up. I don't know if you went to take a look at it now while we're --

THE COURT: Sure.

If you want, you could speed it up. It goes straight 加札

MB. ATTIAS: I don't know if our cornerse -If they move to 16 or to all, it will speed up to the lon.

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(Counsel contert

MS. ATTIAS: Okey. Can you please run that at

Saxon - Direct (Atties)

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A. That's me crossing the street again.

5 Q. At the bottom of the screen?

Yeak

And, as you see what's happening here, you can tell us what we're seeing.

A. I was going back in the store, and she was going to come behind me. The whole time we was just back and furth the whole time. When she said she was in the apartment, she was out there on the street with me.

Q. What store is this that you're going in and out of?

A. Ther's the store on North Street. I was drunk, so I remember walking down, but it was right there. That's the store, It's right on North Street, on the corner of North Street and Wickham. The laundromet is like a little bit behind it.

19 THE COURT: Is that Sam's?

> THE WITNESS: No, that's not Sam's. Sam's is on the other side.

22 BY MS. ATTIAS:

Q. And what does this store self?

A. This store? That's the closest dell store. That's where he could have said that he went to buy a card, but you Sexon - Direct (Atting)

never see him walking in that store at all. When he walk out his house, that's the only store that's open. There's another store across the street, but it closes at 10:00 o'clock. I think that was the girl just going back in there.

• Q. Olay. And we can --

> A. I turned my heed for a second. I was just showing she se with me that whole time. She was never in the house at time they said she was there.

Me. ATTIAS: Just play for a few more seconds, please, Ma. Tull. Okays. Yee, that's good. And could we forward please to 12:00 o'clock midnight?

A. That's the girl leaving now. She just welled across the street

THE COURT: I'm surry, did she just come out of that store; is that what you said?

THE WITNESS: No, she came out before ms. She walked across the street. It happened so fast. She went right across the street.

THE COURT: But she just come out of that store you said, right?

> THE WITNESS: Yeah. She came out before ma. THE COURT: Olay.

THE WITNESS: Now she's going back to the store. She just went back in.

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Saxon - Direct (Atting)

MS. ATTIAS: Okay. If you could slow it down here and play it for just about a minute?

THE WITNESS: That's the girl coming out, and I'm coming out right behind her.

BY MS. ATTIAS:

piesee?

Q. Is that you coming out now. Tome#?

A. Yeals. She cross - she's right there in the street.

MS. ATTUS: And can you stop that for a second,

Q. What's happening item?

A. If you play a little more, I'm going to be coming back and you see me with the Artsone bottle in my hand. The ald, she's welking across the sheek lines, She's right now crossing the street.

Q. You want to go back a couple of seconda you said?

A. No, just keep going. I'm about to cross the street 16 right now. You can see that I have - It should be clearer

right here. I have on gray. Right there in the light you 18 19 could see --

Q. You're on the yellow line? 20

21 A. You see I got grey, two-tone grey. I got the Artowne bottle in my hand and we're welking. Now we welking towards 22 the house. We about to welk towards the house. 23

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Q. Which hand is the bottle in?

It looks like my left hand.

Saxon - Direct (Atties)

Q. Olany.

MS. ATTIAS: Can we please go to 12:16? You know what, I'm sorry, can we switch to camera eight and start at 12:097

A. I know the part it's -- they're going to have to make the screen wider so you can actually see the kid running behind that, remains up store.

Q. Okay. Torrell, while we're finding the starting spot, where are we looking at?

A. This is where -- this is the street where the incident came in where the police came in from. To me, where I came in from wee supposed to have been the front, but from what i been hearing, reading, the front is the side, which looks the the side but it's the front. And that's where the police came in. This is the same area where this kid that's on the side of the street, they said he was out there waiting for the police. He was out there as a lookout. You're going to use how he rune up there, up and down. When he goes to the back, I'm going to the front. Soon as I go to the front, he runs to the back as a lookout, it en he comes back and stands on the corner this entire time. When the girl comes, he's going to run to the store, when the glif gets to store, he's going to run back over them. As soon as he sees the girl, he looks out, he runs across the street and goes right back in this area to watch the scene

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about 12:12:06?

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		205
		Saxon - Direct (Atlan)
,	going on. Th	ne whole time he's wetching, he's looking out
2	for police.	,
3	1	HE COURT: Olay.
4	2. So no	riet's try to do question and answer from here.
5	Okay? Sa,	l de la companya de
6		IB. ATTIAS: If we could play that, please. We're
7	at 12:00:14	
	A Male	ant see it like that. That's him. You can't
9		n. That was him that was just in the comer. If
10		Rife bit, you'll see. He should have a
11	vellow shirt	•
12	2,	ou see in this picture what you were looking for?
13		see anything here.
14		48. ATTIAS: Can we get back to just about 12:08
18	and 15 990	I I
16	A. That w	
17	a areas	
18		us. ATTIAS: Can we play it from here, please?
19		et sey "stop" when it's time to stop it, Torrell.
20		sens quick. You're going to have to rewind it
21	•	already went by.
22	a nom	
25		we go right there. This kid right here.
24		they're rewinding it too much.
25	Q. Okuy	
20	1	

	2	Q. Who are you saying that left
	3	A. This is the guy. If you watch this, he's the lookout.
	4	They said in the report that there was somebody outside
ĺ	5	weiting for the police for the whole time. He was not
l		welting. He was looking out for them. And i'm going to
l	7	show you because him and the girl, when the girl comes,
ŀ		you're going to see a part when she go to it, illie he's
Į	•	
I	•	there the whole time wetching the whole scene, and the girl
I	10	the girl comes and she's coming from this back way, you're
	11	going to see her skipping out the back and she's going to
1	12	come across the street. When he's at the store, as soon as
	13	he looks and sees her, he's running right back to this area.
	14	The guye who's in the house, they going to give each other
Į	15	handshakes and you're going to see the whole thing. Right
i	16	now, this guy, he's going to be standing right - to be in
	17	this area for a few minutes.
	18	MB. ATTIAS: Can we please skip to 12:11?
	19	A. As a matter of fact, right here is when he actually
	13	And a resident on many regard resident in minor the desired

Saunn - Direct (Atties)

Right there. This kid right there.

I right here is like when we went to the front of the house, he's running to the back. He's running, like what I considered was the front is actually the back, and in this street right here is called Prospect. This is where the police come in there, and this is where this guy, he keeps running up and down and he goes to the back or the front

207 Saxon - Direct (Attina) when I go up to the other area. 1 MR. GERBER: Your Honor, we would object. I don't 2 think there's actually a question pending at the moment. The government would object to sort of this free-standing THE COURT: Yes. Why don't you take control, MS. ATTIAS: Very well, Judge. I'll by. 8 Could we please forward to 12:11? BY MS. ATTIAS: 10 O. And one question, Torrell, looking at this pickers, 11 12 where actually is the house? 13 It's about 5 feet from there. Like five, five. 14 Which direction? 15 A Where he just ran up in that street. 16 a Okay. THE COURT: TO the left. 17 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 18 MS. ATTIAS: And play from there, please, when you 19 20 CON Audgo, as these next few minutes are playing, I am 21 22 going to sak if we can give Mr. Sexon a direction to just don't explain everything, just tell us what we're seeing as 23 we're seeing it. 24

THE WITNESS: All right.

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Sauon - Direct (Atting) MR. GERBER: Your Honor. THE COURT: Yes. 2 MR. GERBER: The government would sak, if defense 3 4 counsel has questions ---MS. ATTIAS: Stop. please. 5 MR. GERBER: If defense counsel has questions she . wishes to put to the defendant, that's one thing, but this 7 sort of open-ended, please just describe what you're seeing, It's just an invitation for the defendant to talk, It's not 10 actually a question. THE COURT: I meen, Me. Attles, I take it you've 11 12 seen this videa. MB. ATTAS: YOR 13 THE COURT: And you know where you're going. 14 MR ATTIAS: I'm attempting to --15 THE COURT: Why don't you take us to where you're 16 going and then sak a question about that. Let's do it that 17 18 BY MS. ATTIAS: 19 20 Q. 12:11:54; what are we looking at, Torrell? 21 A. That's the guy I just showed you that ran up the block, 22 he's going to stand right there. 23 Q. Okayı 24 MS. ATTIAS: Can you play, please, and stop at

Sexon - Direct (Atting)

Q. And what is this, Mr. Sexon?

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A. It's still him standing on the side of the street looking out.

MS. ATTIAS: Can we please go ahead to 12:14, make It about 12:13:46, If you can?

THE COURT: Can't this be fast forwarded?

MS. ATTIAS: There a good place to start normally from. Thenks. Play it from here.

A. This is the girl at the — I went in the house, she skipped out, she was skipping across the street out the back way.

Q. Okay. Did we just pass that?

A. You've got to rewind it. I can barely -- she's right here on the corner under the stop sign, but you've got to rewind it a little bit.

Q. Oksy. I see someone --

A. No, you've got to rewind it. She stipped scrose so fast. Rewind it a little more.

THE COURT: I saw someone coming from the right side; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: She welled acrose the street and ran out the back. She's right here. That's her right there. If you stop it, it's like her figure right there. That's her.

THE COURT: She moving from the left towards the

Sexon - Direct (Atting)

right.

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THE WITNESS: She's going like this and she's cutting back going back lowerds the store right now. She just ran out what was the front. The front of the house. BY MS. ATTIAS:

Q. And we're at 12:14:58. So, how do you see that it's her, Torrell? Can you describe what she's wearing?

A. She had the clark hoody, the bluejeens and the white, and when she comes around, you follow this with the camera you gonne see her.

> MB. ATTIAS: Okay. Could we play It, please? Actually, we can feet forward?

BY MB. ATTIAS:

Q. Air. Sexon, is there anything in this picture that's relevant —

A. That was just her coming -- skip -- that was just her running out the back skipping across the street.

THE COURT: That's her on the right, correct?

And there appears to be an individual on the left wearing a white hat; correct?

THE WITNESS: I don't know who that is.
THE COURT: Okay.

BY MS. ATTLAS:

Q. And is she in this picture?

A. That's here right there on the comer. It look like a

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Saxon - Direct (Atting)

phone is in her hand, you see her sneakers right there.

Q. And we're at 12:15:10.

MB. ATTIAS: And could we issep playing this?

A. You've got to go to the next camera so you could see what happens.

Q. Yee. We have to do question and answer.

MS. ATTIAS: Actually, Allieon, could you please forward to 12:16:15, and play it from there, please?

Q. Mr. Saxon, did I just miss something?

A. I'm trying to tell you, you've got to go to the other camera she's --

Q. But on this comers?

A. There's nothing else right here at this time. This time that you're looking for is supposed to be on camera ten.

Q. Okay. Okay. I'll get back to camera ten.

MS. ATTIAS: Could we please forward to 12:18? And we can just play it from there.

And can we stop there for a moment?

Q. is there something in this picture?
What are we looking at here?

A. Wrong camera. There's nothing here.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Saxon, besed on your view of this particular camera, is there anything else of substance that's going to take piece on this camera? Sexon - Direct (Atties)

THE WITNESS: As of right now, not right now. Not at this time. It's the other camera.

3 BY MS. ATTIAS:

Q. Oksy. So, I want to move sheed on this camera. Do you see, at 12:18:38, do you see any of the people from the house inside the aperiment?

A. There's no one there. Press "play," there's no one there right now.

MS. ATTIAS: Could we please switch back to carners ten and go to 12:167

THE COURT: Mr. Sexon, is this the corners that you wanted to see?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: And how far is this location from the corner we were just looking at?

THE WITNESS: It's the about maybe 20 feet, something the -- It's the right across the sheet from it.

You could stop it, cause I kust seen it.

MS. ATTIAS: So can we play it from here? THE WITNESS: It's like a few feet.

THE COURT: Olary.

THE WITNESS: Right here, if you look on the corner, the guy in the yellow, this is the guy who were weighing the whole scene, who's looking out. When this girl is coming down --

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Sexon - Direct (Attint)

THE WITNESS: Huh?

THE COURT: Were you there when this happened? THE WITNESS: I was incide the thing. It took me

a while to figure this out like what was going on. This

Q. If we play like another two seconds or so, we're going

girl set me up. This girl --

THE COURT: Okay. You need to stop. Stop

answoring. Were you there?

What this screen is depicting right now at

12:17:02 a.m. on the March 25th, where were you at that

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seme side .

to see her?

BY ME ATTIAS:

THE WITNESS: I was incide the house. THE COURT: Inelde the house, 221 North? THE WITNESS: The situation was going on. Year.

THE COURT: Okay. So --

BY MS. ATTIAS:

Q. So, Torrell, you can't tell the Judge what you think these people in these pictures were doing. I am simply asking you to point out what you're seeing not anything

19

- A. All right
- O. Olasv? 21
- They're walking back to the store. 22

You can't talk unless I ask you a question. All right? MS. ATTIAS: Could we please move to 12:207 .

Alleon, can you stop?

Sexon - Direct (Atties)

THE COURT: I'm sorry, were you there?

BY MIL ATTIAS:

running back --

Q. Torrell, there was a grouping of people who just moved across the street; were those any of the people in the 3

out of the house, and when she was walking towards the

store, he looked at her and seen that she was coming, he's

apartment?

A. No. 5

Okay. So now we're at 12:19:27. 6

MS. ATTIAS: Can you play it from here, please? 7

Q. Okay. In this shot, can you see the people or the . alitt

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Thet's the wrong camera. No, I can't see them. You've got to go back to camera eight. 11

Q. Okey. And from here on in, are we just going to be 12

locking at camera eight? 13

A. I believe so. 14

Q. Okey. 15

MS. ATTIAS: Alleon, you can stop right here? 16

Olany. And can you play -- yee. Great.

BY MS. ATTIAS: 18

Q. This person, the yellow shirt that's wellding up off the 19

screen now, is he the same guy who came out of the apartment

20 before?

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22 A Yout

Q. Olanya 23

MR. ATTIAS: Keep going, please.

Q. And that's him now walking back, standing near the

Saxon - Direct (Atties)

MS. ATTIAS: Yes, right there. If you could stop. Q. Who are those people, If you know?

A. The guy with the dark color was one of the guye that was in the spartment and that's the same kid who's been looking out the whole time with the yellow.

Q. And the guy in the dark -

MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor. Objection, I think his testimony is it's not from personal imowiedge. Talking about this person who was looking out. By the defendent's own admission, he was inside 221 North Street.

THE COURT: He did, I believe, testily that the guy with the yellow shirt was in the spartment at one point. BY MR. ATTIAR:

Q. And the man in the deriver clothing, what was he doing in the enertment?

A. He was, he was one of the guys that I seen when I was 18 in there and I believe that, I don't know if he was one of 17 18 them that grabbed me or whatever, but he was in the 19 speriment when all that stuff was going on. He was one of 20

Q. Torrell, on the night that you were arrested, were you 21 22 selling pille?

28 . A Yes.

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Q. Did you have a gun? 24

A. Ma.

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Sexon - Direct (Atthe)

Q. Did someone in the apartment fire a shot?

2 Yes.

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Q. When you entered that apartment, what was -- what were 3

you looking to do?

A. Just sell the pills. I was looking for a spot so I 5 could be comfortable

Q. Did you ever shoot a gun at any of these men in that 7 anadmant?

. A. Na. Na.

10 Q. Did you have a gun that night?

MS. ATTIAS: I have nothing eles, Judge. Thank

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THE COURT: Olans. Cross examination?

MR. GERBER: Yea, your Honor.

17 CROSS EXAMINATION

18 BY MR. GERBER:

Q. Mr. Saxon, let's start with your name. What is your 19 20 mai name?

21 A. Torrell Saxon.

Q. That's the your legal name, right?

23 A. Torrell Monroe Saxon, Yesh,

Q. And you were born on June 22, 1978; right?

ļ		Case 1:13-cv-04966-ER Docum Same - Cross (Gerbor)	ent 6	File	d 08/22/13 Page 39 of 75 Saxon - Cross (Gerber)
1	a	That's your real birth date?		1	A. Yeah. Because when I told them my name is Donelle 1.
2	A	Yes		2	Green, I was being surcestic. I told them 7/7/77 Donelle
3	a	But sometimes you use a different name; right?		3	Green.
4	A.	Yes		4	Q. So you were joking.
5	a	And you've been arrested before; right?		5	A. I was being serceatic with them.
6	A	Yea		•	Q. When you were arrested.
7	a	And there have been times when you've been arrests	d and	7	A. Youk
8	רשסע <i>ו</i>	re given the police a different name; right?			Q. Now, the night we've been talking about, you were out
9	A	Yea			on the street dealing drugs; right?
10	a	You used the name Donelle Green; right?		10	A Yes
11	A	Yea		11	Q. And you had pills on you; right?
12	a.	And sometimes you've used other birth dates; right?		12	A Yea
13	A	You		13	Q. Those were pills for sale; right?
14	a	And you used different birth dates when you were		14	A Yea
15	arre	sted by the police; right?		15	Q. And you had about 30 pills; correct?
16	A	Yea		16	A Ym
17	a	So you were lying to the police; right?		17	Q. And you went to 120 Wickham Avenue in Middletown to
18	A	Yes		18	sell those pills; right?
19	a.	And you fied because you were trying to get out of		10	A Yea
20	trout	olo; right?		20	Q. And about how much are those pills worth?
21	A	Na.		21	A. Offerent prices. Offerent prices. They very.
22	a	You weren't trying to get out of trouble?		22	Q. You had 30 pills; right?
23	A	No. When I told them my name was Donelle Green,	/ was	23	A. Yeek
24	Deln	g sercestic.		24	Q. You know what kind of pills you had?
25	a.	You were being sarcastic?		25	A. Yee.

				. 224
		223 Sexon - Cross (Gerber)		Sexon - Cross (Gerber)
1	a. sa.	paliparis, how much were those pills worth?	1	MB. ATTIAS: Judge, I would object to any
2	A. May	he \$50.	2	questions that are based on the draft of the presentencing
3	Q. FIRY	dollars?	3	report.
4	A. Yee		4	MR. GERBER: Your Honor, we've not offering any
8	Q. Five	zerta.	5	document at this time into evidence or anything like that,
6	A. You		6	we do have a presentance report, and based on that I think I
7	Q. Now	you were drinking that night; right?	7	can, I think we can sak the defendant questions and he can
	A. Yes.			answer truthfully.
		you had a lot to drink; correct?		MS. ATTIAS: It is a draft and there are incuse
10	A Yes		10	with the draft that have not yet been received and things
11		were drunk?	11	that I have there's a host of leaune with the draft.
12	A Yes		12	THE COURT: Well, it appears as though the
		you had also taken, you had taken pills that day;	13	government may have a good faith basis to sak, so the
0	right?		14	government can sak and he can teatily to the best of his
1	A No.		15	recollection.
		didn't take pills that day?	16	BY MR. GERBER:
(F)	A No.		17	Q. You spalse with a probation officer, correct?
3	17-	n 2007	18	A Yea
19	A Year		19	Q. And you told him that prior to your arrest in this case
20		you were interviewed in connection with this case		you were using, you were taking pills, correct?
21	i '	tian officer; right.	21	A. I have taken. Yeek.
	, i	au vina, i ga	22	Q. Vicadin and Percecet; right?
22		vau told him	23	A. Yosh
23	Q. And			Q. And, in fact, you told him that you continued to use
24		MS. ATTIAS: Objection.		these medications and lest used them on the date of your
25		(Counsel confer)		

228 Saxon - Cross (Gerber) Saxon - Cross (Gerber) arrest for the instant offence; len't that true? 1 A A. No, I didn't 2 Q. And people were paying attention to what you were Q. You didn't tell him that? saying: right? A. No. I didn't 4 A Yes Q. Now you leatified that you were, you were drunk. You 5 Q. And, at that time, didn't you say that you didn't actually don't remember that much from that night; do you? . remember much from that night? A. No. A Yes Q. No you do remember lote of things or no you don't Q. You did say that remember lots of things? A. Youk. At that time. Youk. 10 A. I remember things. Q. Olay. So at that time, meeting with the government, 10 Q. So your memory is not hexy? 11 11 you said you did not remember much from that night. 12 A. No. 12 A Yout 13 Q. Memory is clear? 13 Q. And you were telling the truth; right? 14 Yes. 14 A Yee. Now in August of last year, you met with the 15 Q. So you were telling the truth and you said you do not 15 16 government; correct? 18 remember much from that night, but now you're saying that 17 Yes. you do remember what happened that night. 17 18 G. And your lawyer was there; right? 18 A Yes 19 19 Q. So, your memory has improved? Q. And you spoke with individuals from the government; 20 20 A. After reviewing all the discovery. Years. 21 correct? Q. Right. Exactly. 21 22 A Yes 22 MB. ATTIAS: Objection, Judge. 23 G. It was in this building; right? 23 THE COURT: Sustained. 24 BY MR. GERBER: Q. And there was someone there taking notes; right? 25 Q. Now you say that on that night you met up with a woman

	1	227	ı	228
	1	Saxon - Cross (Gerber)		Saxon - Cross (Gerber)
1	on t	the street; correct?	1	Victor and Jose; right?
2	A	Yee.	2	A Youh
3	a.	And you told her that you had pills; right?	3	Q. But she didn't know where they lived; right?
4	A	Yea	4	A. I guess. Yesh. She said she was looking for them.
5	Q.	And you told her how many pills you had; right?	5	Q. And she was knocking on verious doors to try to find
6	A	Yea		thom?
7	a.	And, again, you told her you had about \$50 worth of	7	A Yeah
8	pille	; right?		Q. And then you go to 221 North Street; right?
9	A	i didn't say \$50. I told her I had pills. I told her	9	A Yes.
10	I had	d like 30 pille on me.	10	Q. And you had never been to that apartment before;
11	a.	And those pills are worth around \$50.	11	correct?
12	A	Yea	12	A Yee.
13	a.	And your teetimony is that she said to you that she was	13	Q. Yee, you had not been to the apartment before.
14	goin	g to take you indoors somewhere; right?	14	A. Yeah. I never been there.
15	A	Yea	15	Q. Okay. And you do not, you did not know the people in
16	a.	Somewhere where you could sell the pills; right?	10	that apartment; right?
17	A	Yee.	17	A. Right.
18	Q.	And your testimony is that you went to different houses	18	Q. Olay. And then, and then you say when you came into
19	knoc	king on the door; correct?	19	the apartment four or five guye rushed you; right?
20	A	Yes.	20	A Yea
21	a.	And you just followed her?	21	Q. Now, at this time, the door, you came in through the
22	A	Yea	22	front door; right?
23	Q.	From house to house?	23	A Yout
24	A	Yeah	24	Q. And that door was closed behind you; right?
25	a	And at one point she said that she was looking for	25	A Yea

		231	,	•	232
	İ	Saxon - Cross (Gerber)		ŧ	Saxon - Cross (Gerber)
1	A Na		1	a.	You saw him there in that apartment; correct?
(2)	Q. And	ou remember one gun; correct?	2	A	Yea.
(3)	A Your		3	a	Now you testified, there was testimony regarding these,
4	a. Was	there a second gun that you remember?	4	thee	videotapes; how long have you had these tapes for?
(5)	A. I only	remember one gun.	5	A	Since I believe August.
	a. One	gun. You remember one gunehot; right?	6	a.	And you've wetched them many times; right?
7	A Yes		7	A	Yea
8	Q. Now,	these individuals on your story ultimately they	8	a	Marry times; correct?
9	pinned you	down; right?		A	Yee.
10	A Yea		10	a	All right. And at one point you testified that it took
11	Q. They	had you on the ground?	11	you a	while to figure this out; right?
12	A Yes		12	A	Yeah.
13	Q. And	coording to you, they had a gun, right?	13	a	Now, you also talked about an individual who you
14	A Yes		14	deec	ribed as a lookout; correct?
15	Q. AI IN	e point when they're holding you gown, you can't	15	A.	Yes.
16	move; righ	7	16	a	And to be clear, on your account he was a lookout while
17	A Na	· ·	17	ו שסע	vere inside the spartment; right?
18	Q. And	ou were actually yelling for them to let you go;	18	A	Yeah.
19	right?		19	a.	So you never actually saw this person operating as a
20	A Yes		20	looka	ut; correct?
21	Q. Okus	And then they called 911; right?	21	A	Other than the camera?
22	A Yes		22	a	Not the camera. What you saw that night. You didn't
23	Q. And	then you were being held down, you saw the man	n who 23	300 A	nyone operating as a lookout; correct?
24	ž .	raped your sister; correct?	24	A	No.
25	A Yes		25	a	And your claim is that he was a lookout for the police;
	1		i		

	ı	23 3	1	1 234
	Saxon - Cross (Gerber)			Saxon - Cross (Gerber)
1	100	17	1	BY MR. GERBER:
2	٨	Yes.	2	Cl. Now your teetimony is that you had two pairs of parts
•	Q.	He was writhing for the police; right?	3	on that night; right?
3	A	Yes		A Yes.
,	a	The guye in that eperiment, they called 911; right?	5	Q. Olay. And what colors were those pants?
	A	Yeah.		A. Brown and blue.
	Q.	And when the police came to that apartment and they	7	Q. What color pants are you wearing now?
	tour	nd those men holding you down; right?		A. Brown.
	A	Yeah		Q. And that your teatmony is that's one of the pairs
)	Q.	You didn't say anything; did you?	10	that you were wearing right?
	A	I was screening.	11	A. Yee.
•	a.	You were screening when the police came in?	12	Q. And there was a second pair of blue pants; right?
1	A	I was screaming the whole time.	13	A Yea
١	a.	So let's be clear. Your testimony is that, when the	14	Q. And your claim is those are the parts that the
	polit	se walked in there, you were screaming.	15	individuals in that apartment took from you, right?
'	A	Years	16	A. The blue ones, yes.
'	a.	Now you were here when Officer Artole testified; right?	17	Q. Okay. And you were wearing a gray, some sort of gray
	A	Right.	18	jacket that night; is that right?
	a.	You remember him teelifying that when he came in there,	19	A Yes
	the r	com was allent; right?	20	Q. And your claim is that the people in that apartment
I	A	Yes	21	took that from you too; right?
	Q.	So your teetimony is that he's a iter; right?	22	A Years
	A	Yes.	23	Q. Right. Now, the people in that apartment took that
1		MB. ATTIAB: Objection.	24	gray coat from you and those blue pants so the police
1		THE COURT: Sustained.	25	wouldn't have them; right?

1	236	1	236
	Sexon - Cross (Gerber)		Saxon - Cross (Gerber)
1	MS. ATTIAS: Objection.	1	A. Yeek
2	THE COURT: Overruled.	2	Cl. Well, do you believe that to be the case or do you
3 A 1	don't know why they took it. They took it because	3	remember that to be the case?
they w	ss taking my clothes.	4	A. They took my het.
5 Q. T	he people in that spartment. The men you say attacked	5	Q. You remember them taking your het.
you, th	ey took those clothing items, right?		A. They took it.
' A Y	oat.	7	Q. They took one of your pairs of pents; right?
a . 11	hey took them from you.		A Your.
A Y	Pa/L		Q. You were wearing shoes; right?
a A	nd your girlifiend picked up your property from the	10	A. Boots.
police;	correct?	11	Q. Boots. They didn't take off your boots; did they?
A Y	14.	12	A. No.
0. N	nd, in fact, she picked up from the police a pair of	13	Q. So they took your pants off but they kept the boots on.
bkøjee:	ne; right?	14	A Youk
I A Y	16.	15	MR. GERBER: No further questions, your Honor.
Q. An	nd she got a gray, zip-up coat; right?	16	THE COURT: Mr. Sexon, you seld you had the 30
A 15	olieve sa, yee.	17	pille?
a. Fn	om the police.	18	THE WITNESS: Yea.
A 10	olleve sa.	19	THE COURT: What were they?
Q. No	nw your testimony these men also took your het; is	20	THE WITNESS: I had some - I had Percs.
that righ	et e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	21	THE COURT: Percecets?
A 10	on't have it. I don't know where it's at, so I	22	THE WITNESS: Yes. Oxy, and I had some
believe s	ro, yearh.	23	prescription. Same other ones.
a. we	ill, your teathnony before was they took your hat from	24	THE COURT: I'm sorry, whet's Oxy? Oxycodone?
you; righ	et e	25	you know.

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		Saxon - Cross (Gerber)
,	7	THE WITNESS: Oxycontils.
2	,	THE COURT: Oxycontis.
3	,	THE WITNESS: The other pills I had, I have the
4	actual pape	r, the prescription for.
5	,	THE COURT: What are those, do you know?
•	,	THE WITNESS: I don't know how to pronounce the
7	neme.	
	1	THE COURT: That's something you have a
9	prescription	for?
10		THE WITNESS: Yes.
11		THE COURT: What's the prescription for.
12		THE WITNESS: It was back pain, for pain.
13	1	THE COURT: And you had hurt your back at some
14	point?	
15		THE WITNESS: Year. I was in a car accident.
16		THE COURT: So you had prescription pills for your
17	back, you h	ed Oxycontin and you had Percocate.
18		THE WITNESS: There's another one I had, too, I
19	forgot the	eme.
20		THE COURT: So you had at least four different
21	types of pa	17
22		THE WITNESS: Yeah.
23		THE COURT: How much were the Percocete?
24	Į /	How much did you sell those for?
25	1 :	THE WITNESS: The Perce? They different prices.

Like the most, I mean, anywhere from like eight dollars 1 something the that. Eight, ten. 2 THE COURT: So eight to ten dollars for the 3 Percocets, and you had different types of Percocets? -THE WITNESS: No, just one. THE COURT: Just one type. But you would sell 7 them for eight to ten dollars. And how much Percocets did you have that night; do . you recal? THE WITNESS: Four or five. 10 THE COURT: Four or live. What about the Oxycontin, have much did you sell that for? 12 THE WITNESS: Some thing. 13 THE COURT: Eight to ten dollars? 14 15 THE WITNESS: Youk. THE COURT: How many of those did you have that 16 17 night; do you receil? THE WITNESS: I believe I had five, four or five, 18 19 the same thing. THE COURT: Okay. Four or five of the Oxycontin. 20 What about the prescription pills you had, how much did you 21 sell those for? 29

Sexon - Cross (Gerber) THE WITNESS: No. 1 THE COURT: And the fourth kind of pill that you 2 3 hed? THE WITNESS: I believe it was called, I don't know how to pronounce R, Illie Federos(ph), Flexeril. 5 THE COURT: Flexers. And how many of those did you have approximately, if you can recall? 7 THE WITNESS: I think ten. 8 THE COURT: About ten; and how much do you self 10 those for? THE WITNESS: Like two or three dollars. 11 THE COURT: Okay. And you said that when the cope 12 came in, that you were acreaming. 13 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 14 THE COURT: What were you screaming? 15 THE WITNESS: They had their foot on my nack. 16 They was doing all type of stuff to me. I was screaming for 17 18 help. THE COURT: The men in the spertment had you 19 20 pinned down. THE WITNESS: Yeah. 21 THE COURT: And you were acreaming for help from 22 23 the cope. THE WITNESS: I was screening period. 24 THE COURT: You were screaming period. When the 25

Saxon - Cross (Gerber)

THE COURT: A dollar or two. Okay. The fourth

THE WITNESS: A dollar or two.

kind, how many did you have of those; do you recall?

1 cope came in, you continued to screem?
2 THE WITNESS: Yeah, I was

THE WITNESS: Yeah. I was acreaming the whole

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THE COURT: What did you tell the cope once they were all al you?

What did you tell the police officers?

THE WITNESS: I don't remember telling them anything. I just remember them grabbing me and taking me out.

THE COURT: You don't remember telling them you were being mugged, that you were kidnepped, that you were being assaulted?

THE WITNESS: I didn't tell them till they asked me later on.

THE COURT: Did you tell them about the guy who reped your sister?

THE WITNESS: Not until they said something to me.
My lewyer saled me about R, and at that time I really
didn't remember until she saled me about R. Because they
was like, what's that about? And I had — that's when I
started remembering other things. At the time, when
situation is going on, I didn't remember nothing.

THE COURT: Olay. So, when you say, after your lawyer talked about R, when was that after, how much longer after the arrest, approximately?

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Saxon - Cross (Gerber)

THE WITNESS: When that -- that was keet a few months ago right before trial, when we were supposed to go to trial

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ATTIAS: I have a few questions.

THE COURT: Redirect. MR. ATTIAS: Yes, please.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

- Q. Torrell, you teetified on cross that you remember more about the case now then you did shortly after your arrest: why is that?
- A. Because I've reviewed a lot of the stuff, a lot of things started coming to me. Even though in the innocent profler I told them I didn't remember nothing until they started asking me questions and giving me papers. They was like, do you remember this? Then stuff started coming back to me.
- 18 Q. When we went into what you're calling the innocence 19 profler, were you saked a lot of questions by the government? 20
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- 29 Q. And did you start to remember more --
- 23 Yes.
- a 24 -- during thet?
- 26 Yee.

Sexon - Redirect (Atting)

- Q. Now when you said they took, meening the people in the apariment took your pants, your hat, what do you mean they took R? They kept R? They took R and you don't know
- what happened to RT. What do you mean?
- A. They look it off of me, they took my clothes off. They . stripped ms. They was taking -- they took my pente oil, they pulled it over my boots. When I first came in they was going through my pockets. They ripped my jacket off and my hat fall off, all that stull was gone off me. 18
 - Q. And the Judge, in response to the Judge's questions about whether you told the police that you had been jumped. did you make a statement in the police station shortly after you were arrested?
 - A Yee.
- 15 Q. And what did you say there?
 - A. I told them.
 - MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.
- (A) I told them I was robbed.
 - MR. GERBER: Objection, your Honor.
 - THE COURT: Overtiled.
 - Q. You can answer.
 - $\mathbf{A}=\mathbf{I}$ fold them that \mathbf{I} was robbed. \mathbf{I} fold them that \mathbf{I} was attacked and I was robbed.
 - Q. And what was your condition while you were making that internet?

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Saxon - Redirect (Attles)

- 1 A. I was drunk. Interdested.
 - Q. And was the statement stopped because of your
- Intoxication?
- A Yes
- Q. Now, just very briefly, do you remember hearing the 911 tape played here last week?
- Yes
- Q. And in the 911 tape, do you remember hearing you screeming?
- 10 A Yes
- Q. And do you remember hearing you screening about 11
- 12 something about you raped my sister?
- 13 A. Yeak I heard &
- 14 G. Did you know what that was about when we started, when we started the innocence proffer?
- 18
- Q. And during the course of the innocence proffer, what 17 18
- did you come to understand about do you know -
- Do you know, in fact, whether or not the person, 20 anybody in that apartment ever raped your sister? 21
- 22
- Q. That night, did you think there was a person in the 23 apartment that looked like the person that might have raped 24 25 your sister?

Sexon - Recibect (Attice)

- 2 Q. Do you have any idea how many shots were actually fired In that aparlment that night? From your own memory.
 - A. From my own one.
 - MS. ATTIAS: I have nothing eles, Judge. Thenk
 - MR. GERBER: Just a few questions, your Honor. THE COURT: Very well.

RECROSS EXAMINATION 9

- 10 Q. When you previously met with the government, you sooke about seeing a man in that apartment who you believed had 11 12 reped your sister; correct?
- 13

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- 14 Q. And, in fact, you identified him for the government; 15 correct?
- 18 A Yesh
- 17 You gave his street name --
- 18 A Yeak
- 19 Q. -- right?
- 20 A Yes
- 21 Q. And you told the government that you had seen him in 22 that apartment that night; right?
 - A Yes

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MR. GERBER: Thank you. No further questions, 24 your Honor.

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Sexon - Recross (Gerber)

MB. ATTIAS: Nothing else, Judge.

THE COURT: Mr. Sexon, you may stop down.

(Witness excused)

THE COURT: Ma. Attina.

MB. ATTIAS: Defence rects.

THE COURT: Okay. And nothing further from the

government?

arguments?

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MR. GERBER: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okey. We have a few minutes, do the parties wish to make any comments by the way of closing

MR. GERBER: Yee, your Honor.

THE COURT: If you want.

MB. ATTIAS: Yea. I would like to alea.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Gerber.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, is it olay if I move the podium around?

THE COURT: Yee, you may. Let's see if we can't wrap up both of these by 5:00 o'clock.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, the evidence before the Court shows the detendent possessed a gun and he fired a gun. The detendent was first pointing a gun at Rodrigo Perez, Mr. Morerte stepped forward, defendant shot at him. When he moved his arm to fire those shots, Perez grabbed arm, grabbed the defendant's arm together with Mr. Morerts,

Mr. Perez' fesher and a person name laidro struggled with the defendant. During that struggle, a third shot went off. There had been two shote initially, a third shot went off. The bullet went through the door into Morerie's bedroom. They fell into that bedroom. They were able to hold the defendant down, he let go of the gun, they called 911. The police arrived, they recovered the gun as well as three shell cealings from the apartment.

Now, we believe that we've proven this beyond a reasonable doubt, but that's not our burden here. Our burden is to prove it by a preponderance that it's more their than not that the defendant possessed that gun and fired that gun. And we believe that we've proven this with Mr. Morerie's testimony, we've proven this with the 911 cell and we've proven this with the beliefes evidence. The defendant called Dr. Kammrath to the stand. Nothing she said is inconsistent with the Government's case. There's nothing she said that's inconsistent with the Government's case. In fact, much of what she said corroborates our position. The same is true of Officer Artola and Officer Brownstein. The only evidence to the contrary is offered by the defendant himself, and that story is not credible, is not believeble.

First, with respect to Mr. Morerie, the Court heard his testimony, observed his demeanor. We respectfully

has a nonprosecution agreement. It gives him no protection from deportation. This is someone who could have refused to cooperate. He could have disappeared. Instead he is testifying.

Why did he testify? He testified because he's a victim here, because the defendant came into his home and shot at him. And then there's the 911 call. 911 call le independent evidence of the defendant's guilt. That 911 call, that account of what happened is credible. I mean, the Court heard Mr. Persz on that call. He sounds — we submit he sounds scared. He sounds like someone who is desperate for the police to arrive:

THE COURT: Is Mr. Perez here legally?

MR. GERBER: No, he is here llegally, your Honor.

And, in lect, in Defense Exhibit, I believe it's C, the report from Special Agent DiGirolamo that is memorialized that Mr. Perez is here librarily.

THE COURT: What about his father?
MR. GERBER: I'm sorry, your Honor?
THE COURT: His father.

MR. GERBER: His father is also here Regally.

THE COURT: Are any of the individuals in that

apartment that evening other than Mr. Saxon here legally?

MR. GERBER: Individuals whom we spoke with who we found and spoke with are all here Begally. Except, with

submit that he testified credibly. His story is corroborated in many different ways by the ballistics evidence. Moreris says there were three shots and there were, in fact, three shell casings recovered. There's no dispute on that. Moreris said that these shots came from the gun in the defendant's hand. It is stipulated that Exhibit 1 was recovered from the spartment, Officer Artola described the police arriving and seeing the gun. Mr. Klees determined that the three shell casings were fixed by Exhibit 1. Dr. Kammrath does not dispute that.

Mr. Morerie says that the defendent shot him from the front of the apartment to the back, and Mr. Klees testified that a shot was fired from the front to the back.

Again, no dispute on that. And Dr. Kammrath agrees with that. Mr. Klees concluded that the mark on the floor of the kitchen was caused by a small bullet, a .22 or .26. Again, there's no dispute, Dr. Kammrath agrees, and Exhibit 1 is a .22 caliber gun. Mr. Morerie says during the struggle the gun was up against the door. The third shot was fired when the gun was up against the door to his room. Mr. Klees testified the gun that a shot went through the door and that the gun was close to the door. Again, there's no dispute on that. Dr. Kammrath agrees with that.

Now Mr. Morerie is here illegally. He has gotten on the stand and admitted his crimes. It is true that he

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one exception, I'm sorry. Yes. We also spoke with the women who was in that spartment that night and she is, to the best of my knowledge, here legally. She's a US citizens. I believe. But the men were all here illegally.

And I just want to emphesize, I mean, what does it take for someone who's here illegally to call 911 to urgs. to beg the police to show up? I think it takes a tremendous amount, and why would someone who's here illegally called 911? Because that person is scared out of his mind, he has been attacked and he's desperate for the police to arrive to protect him.

THE COURT: Why don't you explain for me if you can the government exhibits which depict the gun which appear to be in a portion of a bere floor which, at least to my mind, appears to be inconsistent with the testimony that the gun was tossed into a laundry bag or a laundry basiset.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, I'm not sure when execute those photographs were taken. I don't know the answer. I'm speculating here. It may very well be that the police who initially arrived sort of took control of the gun. They probably made it safe right away. They may have put it down on the floor. I think there's just - the record is incomplete on that point. Certainly is quite plausible, to my mind at least, they secured the gun, made it safe, and then rather than putting it back on the laundry basins, you

know, put it on the floor.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this also: The individual identified, by Mr. Saxon anyway, as the lookout, the gentlemen depicted in the comerce as wearing a yellow shirt, have you identified him as one of the individuals that was in the apartment?

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, we don't know who that person is in the sense that, we have looked at the video, we don't recognize him. We can transity barely make out his features. So I'm not -- we identified various people who were in that apartment. Officer Ariola teetified there was someone who, when he arrived on the scene, who directed him inside. It's not clear to us, frankly, who that is. It may have been this Antonio Merio. To be clear, it's not clear whether it was him or someone else. But, again, quite frankly, we don't think we can led who that person is. who's outside there. I guess the person's a lookout. First of all, they called 911. I don't really understand the defense theory here; he was a lookout to watch for the police and they called the police?

THE COURT: Have you worked out a timeline, in view of what happened that evening based on what's on the camerae, you know, from the moment that we first see this individual outside of the home, the gentleman wearing the yellow shirt, to your knowledge, wee that before or after

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that you believe Mr. Saxon first went into that apartment? If you know.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, we don't know. And, frenkly, we, after looking at the video, we're not really sure what to do with it, because we couldn't make out who was who. We couldn't make out faces. That individual who's there, not even clear to us he's involved in this case in any conceivable way.

I understand that the defense, Mr. Saxon, have said various things about who's doing what, where and when. Frenkly, in looking at the video, we just didn't see that. But the answer to your question, your Honor, is, no, we don't have a timeline that relates the 911 cell and the events in the apartment to the video footage.

THE COURT: Olay.

MR. GERBER: Let me just very quickly say a word about the defendant's story here. We would respectfully submit that that story, in addition to the obvious incentive the defendant has to its, is just, just impleuable on its face. It does not make sense. You have apparently men in the apartment sort of on the fly, it was not planned out, they learned from a woman who stope by the defendant has \$50 worth of pills, they then jump him, apparently leaving him - there are four or five of them, he's drunk, but he has two free arms to grab a gust. I'm not sure what the

other people were doing. Defendant says they were grabbing at his welst. They would have grabbed his arms. They would have grabbed his arms. I mean, how could I have two free hands to fight over a gun? The defendant can't account for the other -- we know at least two shots were fired, we have testimony as to three, but at least two. The defendant cannot account for that. According to the defendant, the shot that was fired into the idichen was fired Merelly in the opposite direction. His back is to the well. His back is to the front door. The shot goes from the front to the back. And on defendant's account, the people in that apartment, they're both bumbling idiots and they're mester criminals. He wants to have it both ways. Right? When they first attack him, apparently they are just the worst criminals in the world. There are four or five of them, they've got a gun, yet they create a situation in which they're fighting with him the over the gun, they're shooting up their own place. Thei's these individuals as bumbling idiots. Then apparently once they get him down, I guess they were master criminals where they I guess call 911 and make up a story. They -- the defendant has instructed that evidence was tempered with, that these people they coordinated their stories, they're lying. I mean, the whole thing didn't hold together, and the reality is, they're not bumbling idiots or master criminals, they're people who were

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THE COURT: Let me ask you this: Why? Why did he go into that apartment shooting?

ARE. GERBER: We don't know the answer to that question. I will say that I think that I think there's uncontested, the defendant was incredibly, was quite drank, and so, it is possible he went into the wrong apartment. It is possible he went in there to not them. There's also this business about his seeing the person who he believed raped his sister in the apartment, and that may have led him in his drunten state to, to, to — he was looking for this person, so he went in there shooting. Those are all possibilities. But we don't know the answer to that question.

THE COURT: Olay.

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MR. GERBER: Just one or two final points.

One is, the defense has suggested repeatedly through this hearing that there were two guns. I just want to point out, there is zero evidence, zero evidence of two guns. I mean, the ballistics evidence is completely consistent and supports one gun. I think it supports that because I think it's true. But I just want to point out

there is zero evidence of two guns, and the defendant

himself only remembers one gun. And the ballistics evidence is completely consistent with that.

One final point. You know, the police well to there, and the Court was asking the defendant about this, the police walk in there, and on the defendant's account, he's the victim here, he's been attacked, attacked, shot at. What does a victim do in that altuation when the police show up? Maybe he says, thank goodness you're here. Maybe he says, please, arrest these people. But to say nothing? To be allert? I mean, these individuals called 911. They wanted the police there. They called the police. He says he's the victim, but when the police show up, he says nothing. We respectfully submit that that is quite, quite salling here.

Your Honor, we believe that, at the very least by a preponderance we have shown that the defendant went into that house, had a gun and was shouting.

Thank you

THE COURT: Thank you.

Ma. Atties, can you tell me just as concleely as you can, what is your theory here?

What happened that night?

MS. ATTIAS: I just went to clerify, I never said there were two guns. My theory here is that they can't prove he had the gun. I'm going to tell you, if this had

been a fuller trial, there were more witnesses, obviously you see that I have taken an extremely aggressive posture in calling their witnesses to sort of prove a negative in my case, and I will talk about the aggressive posture, going to an innocence profiler, twenty-five years in federal court, this is my second time.

I don't think we can ignore the fact that based on everything that came before we got to your Honor's courtroom, that Mr. Saxon on a gun charge where he's facing 15 years minimum because he's ACCA II given a pill sale. I don't want to look a gift horse in the mouth, but there—something was going—something was wrong. I don't want to—Mr. Bloom is looking at me, but we went through a lot before we achieved that, and I do say I am—I applaud with every bone in my body both of these prosecutors and that work, but now we're fighting over this gun.

So what I think may have happened is this: I think Mr. Sexon was walking along the street drunk trying to sell his pile, bumped into this women he knew from several years earlier. I think she took him to sell the pile. He walked into the apartment. And I don't know why he would have gone to rob anybody or to find someone who might have raped his sister two years earlier or whenever it was, it's not in the record, sometime earlier. I think he followed this women in because he was drunk and he wanted to sell his

pille. I think they were probably worth more than \$50 just from the math you were asking him about. But not a tremendous amount. He was drunk, he was trying to make some quick money selling pills. So he went in, and I think the guys in the apartment, when the woman was speaking Spanish with the guys in the apartment and Mr. Saxon clidn't understand, I think that's what probably she was telling him that he has some pills on him, and I think that based on that they clid rush him and they clid jump him.

Was the gun theirs? I don't have to prove that. I can't prove that. But I have a million questions about the holes in their evidence.

So I just want to show you People's, Government's 110, 111 and Defense E. I entered Defense E because they're really the pictures of the heliway. That's what I was most interested in. I don't care where the table or the refrigerator is. I want you to see that thry, Ittle, skinny heliway.

And, by the way, why don't we know how wide it is? Why don't we know how long it is? Crime Screen did a harrible job here. I was astounded when I saw there were no measurements of anything. Crime Scene could have told us how wide that was and how long it was. The Government's expert testilled the strike that hit the kitchen floor was either from the hallway back near bedroom one or it could

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have been from near the kitchen. So, we don't know where it was from, but I think that there are glant holes in the story that amount to a lack of proof.

So I think that obviously there was a struggle over a gun, the only question is was it the defendant's gun or somebody else in the spartment? And that gets to the question of why did they cell 911 If shots were fired and they were the bad guys jumping him and they're illegal? Why are they calling 911? And I do have a suggestion about that. If this was incleed — Officer Brownstein testilled that there are many drug spots, drug houses in the neighborhood, one of them was 120 Wickham. Mr. Saxon told you that he first went to 120 Wickham because the calls on his cellphone that said, do you have any work, can you bring us — If you're around, can you come over to 120 Wickham? He did go to 120 Wickham. 120 Wickham, which Brownstein tells us is a drug spot, is empty. He continues going up the street and that's when he bumps into the woman.

So why would they call 911? Well, if they took his pills, if there was a weapon in the house, if there are shote fired, he remembers one. There are clearly at least two. We don't know if there was a third, the third shell casing is still inside the gun. It looks like it's illusty that three were fired in the house that night. Strike A, strike B, C. But we don't know where any of the termination

points are, and that's really waird. Where's the bullet in bedroom one, or where's the termination point, the terminal point?

So why would they call 911 if they're illegal and if there's stuff going on in their house, because if it's a drug spot, maybe that's where the trajectories — where else would the builet be? Maybe they grabbed things before the cope come there, maybe it's better to call 911 yourself and you clean up your house yourself before the police come rather than the police coming. Because somebody in the neighborhood is going to call 911. There are three hots fired and it's midnight,

And, by the way, I do want to speak to your question on the yellow-shirt guy. He shows up on there around 12:00 and this incident is around 12:00 o'clock. So he's outside afterward. So, by that point, it seems as if Mr. Saxon is down on the ground being held down, and thet's when yellow shirt guy is outside; 12:00, 12:16, 12:18 around there.

THE COURT: The reason I ask based on Mr. Saxon's testimony when he was describing what was going on, it appeared as though he was saying that the gardeman in the yellow shirt came out, essentially scoped out the situation before he arrived and then was a lookout while the robbery was taking place, if you will. That's not the case.

MS. ATTIAS: I couldn't — I don't think so, Judge, and I couldn't fleeh out lookout because he doesn't know, but I think that he would have Med you to believe that they were selling his pills, but obviously I have no proof of that.

So why would they have called 911? Because somebody was going to. Shots fired inside the apartment, this way at least they call, they know they're coming, and where are the bullets? If it didn't hit the wall in bedroom one, and it didn't, and when the agent went back in December, fine, when the expert went back in December, furniture had been moved, but when crime scene was there, he was looking around, he had his down through the hole and he couldn't find any terminal point, which means it had to be in the room but they didn't find it.

THE COURT: Why does that matter?

ARS. ATTIAS: Well, because, if, in fect, they're, quote unquote, sort of cleaning up the apartment before the cope come, that's another reason why they might choose to call the apartment — to call 911 because there are shots fired. The police are going to be coming.

THE COURT: Wouldn't they start with the gun if that's what they're trying do?

MS. ATTIAS: Well, clearly — there had to be a gun, so the gun had to be somebody's. And that's why — let

me get to this, Judge.

I asked from the start for this gun to be fingerprinted, and the government never did. Ultimately, Mr. Gerber, who took over the case, had, at my request, absolutely had the gun fingerprinted and no prints of value were found.

Now, they could have printed all kinds of things. Somebody had to load that gun on those complete cartridges, on the bullets, perfect surface for taking prints. The bottle could have been printed. The latex gloves could have been printed. Letex is a surface, as the officer said, you could get prints off the inside. They don't do that.

So why do I aggreenively stipulate — why do I put in reports that put the gun in my hand or his hand? Because when I look at the witness who did come into court, Moreria, and I contrast that to Perex-Suarez's statements, they're different in a couple very important respects. I hate to sort of argue conspiracy theory, but in a way, that is kind of what I'm saying, that the people in the apartment jump him, they are told by the woman in Spanish, which he doesn't speak, that he has pille on him, they rush him, he's se craxy and drunk that he's fighting back. Shots are fired. The government has to prove it's his shots fired not their shots fired.

THE COURT: So this was a crime of opportunity for

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the gentlemen in that spartment.

MS. ATTIAS: I believe so. I believe the woman brought him there to --

THE COURT: And in a couple of momente that this apparently took place over, they bring him into the apartment, there's shots fixed and between the five of them or the six of them determine, well, let's call the cops.

That's the theory.

ARS. ATTIAS: Yee. And I would have fleshed that out more, frankly. Mr. Gerber tells you that the women is available. She has coursel. She's also, you know, she is represented by coursel. Mr. Moreris who testified represented by coursel. So the government can call whoever they want. They only called one person from hields the apartment. I put in the reports to point out a couple of significant and interesting contrasts. I'm just going to go through them.

One is in the struggle over the gun. The reports that I put in this morning on Rodrigo son, and I'm sony, I know it's well after five, if you take a look at those, he talks about how the man would not let go of the gun, and in both reports he's consistent about that, the man would not let go of the gun and he had to struggle over the gun and it ended up in the laundry baskst.

Well, Mr. Morerle who testified at page 20 of the

transcript, teetifies that they're struggling outside bedroom one, they fell to the bed, the gun fells into a basilet and then they get him down to the floor as contrasted to — and that's at page 20 of the transcript as opposed to Rourigo son's version of what happens with the gun. Dose it fell out right away or are they struggling, struggling, struggling trying to get it out of his hand? That's one interesting just difference.

But, more importantly, where was everybody when the shote go off, and could this be a bunch of guye getting together and quickly coming up with a story but then the story kind of goes wrong because they don't get it right?

So, Morerte testifies the other day that Saxon is holding the gun to — I'm going to call him V-1, because It's just easier for me, that's how i've been thinking. Of him, Rodrigo son, V-1, Saxon is holding the gun to Rodrigo son's head. Morerte said he comes, he approaches, he comes up the hall, and that's when two shots go whizzing right by Morerte and Morerte gets right into the struggling, and as Morerte and V-1, Rodrigo son, are struggling, that's when the shot goes off in the door. And the two documents that went in this morning, Defense B and C, I think they are B and C, the first one, the statement to the police in Middletown, he says that the gun is to his head, V-4, that Rodrigo son approaches him. We don't know how close.

Morerie approaches him, and then the gun went off twice by his head. He acreams for help. He, Moreris — sorry, Rodrigo son is holding the hand and the door shot happens. At that time, his ded, Rodrigo isther and Moreris arrive. That's what Rodrigo son first tells the police. So he says he's in the front, that the gun is to his head, Rodrigo — Moreris starts to — approaches him, we don't know what that means exactly. Two shots whiz by, a third goes into the door and then the struggle happens. And that's Defense B.

And then, in Defense C, which is a statement to Agent DiGirolamo, memorialized by Agent DiGirolamo, he says, importantly, that I'm looking at paragraph six of that piece of evidence, that they're in the front, that the "stay mother fuciers" happens, then the suspect has the gun to his head, he fires two shots and this is just Rodrigo son standing in the front. Two shots were fired. Rodrigo son and the defendant struggle. The door is hit, and that's when everybody comes up the hall and gets into it. And that's when he has everybody coming up the hallway.

So, I think it's quite important that Moreria takes the stand here and says, he's holding the gun to his head, Saxon is holding the gun to Rodrigo son's head, I come running up the hallway, I almost get shot, and I jump back.

And that's why I'm asking you to look at the pictures of the hallway, that skinny, little hallway in those pictures, two

shote whizzing right by and this guy jumps back.

First of all, where did that shot go? A guy with 33 years as a police officer can't find a third impact mark anymore. There's only two bullets that are making the impact marks; the door and then shots B and C, the ricochet shot. So where is that third impact mark? I don't know.

But this is all, Judge, between the inconsistencies with the witnesses' stories, with the fact that, frankly, I don't think Mr. Saxon's stories makes no sense, and I do think that there is a reason for them to call 911, and the burden is on them to prove that he had the gun.

So, they could have fingerprinted the cartridges. They could have fingerprinted what was inside the gun. They could have done more testing and they didn't. And they could have called the woman inside the apartment. That was always a big bone of contention. Who's the woman. They could have called everybody that they wanted. Their choice to only put one person on the stand who was inside that apartment i think clearly is a choice based on — I'm not inside their heads, calling one person in the apartment when there's at least four, five, six people in there shows, says to me just in my own experience that there are big problems with their case and that's why they're choosing to keep it as simple as possible. Because the truth is. It's not

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simple. That's why I took the aggressive posture of putting in another witness's teatmony. That's why I took the aggressive posture of the innocence proffer in the first place. That's why I called their first officer, frankly. when he teatiled the scene was serine and quiet, I was shocked because you heard the 911 tape, Torrell was going crazy, he was acreaming like a crazy man the whole time.

And once you salted him about his statement, yes, It does seem like somebody would say, but they jumped me, but they jumped me. Well, he does tell the police officer that, and in his drunken condition I would suggest that, as drunk as he was, and everybody agrees on that, he could not have made up -- he wean't going to start making up that defense in the condition that he was in before he actually fell asleep on bench in the police station. So the fact that he clid say from the start, yee, I was jumped, and then he kind of fell out because he was so intodosted, suggests that this is not something that he made up later on as a defense, and the government has to prove this by a prepanderance of the evidence. I know it's not a big --doesn't have to - the scales don't have to weigh a lot in one direction or the other, but I think that, when you look at all the evidence -- and by the way, the tampering of the door, I don't know who did that, but that is really bizarre. That's just a comment I have to make on that. I don't know

who did it. I'm certainly not suggesting the police did it. I'm not suggesting - I don't know who did it.

THE COURT: That doesn't lean one way or the other.

MS. ATTIAS: It doesn't metter. It doesn't matter. But perhaps somebody could have figured out if it was the same gun, if it was the same callber gun. I'm not seying that there were two guns. I'm saying that we don't know. We just don't know. Both experts agreed, I think, they could not conclusively say that it was something -- a gun of the same culther.

So, you know, maybe, maybe, Saxon had a gun and they had a gun and everybody was shooting at everybody elea. But we don't know. And Crime Scene could have helped us out in a gigando way with that by doing a proper investigation, which they did not.

So your Honor has to weigh all of this teatmone. and find cut if the government has proven this evidence by a preponderance, proven its point by a preponderance of the evidence and I would suggest to you that they have not.

By the way, your question about what was the gue doing so far away from this laundry basisst. And I did, I heard Mr. Gerbar's answer, and, of course, he doesn't know. He can only wonder and suggest something. But what I would say is, you've got cope on the scene. These are not bables.

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They live in a high -- this is a high-crime, tough place to be a cop. They're not going to take the gun from one place, make it safe and take out the bullets and then etick it back In a different part of the room from where it was, because that's just - unless - that would be really bad. That would be a very bad thing to do.

But what we do have is the gun sitting by itself with no dirty laundry around, no clean laundry around. No clothing anywhere. So, to me, that says that it's not going down the way that the people say it's going down. Artole could not remember exactly where the gun was. He knew there was laundry somewhere, he couldn't say where it was.

So that's what I have for you, unless you have any other questions for me.

THE COURT: I do not.

MR. GERBER: Your Honor, Mr. Bloom asked me to give his apologies to the Court, he had to step out for a personal matter, and I wanted just to communicate that. I know it's very lete. The defense did speak at some length. Do I have time for one or two points?

THE COURT: You have time for one-minute worth of oolnts.

MR. GERBER: I would just say then that as to ~ we have not been saking the Court to rely on Mr. Perez's account, we think that there's enough from what just the

government put forward, is more then enough to show by a preponderance what happened here that the defendant had the gun and shot the our.

I would just say that, If the Court is going to look at Mr. Perez's statement, I would just say that there is actually tremendous corroboration. That statement corroborates Mr. Moreria's account in many, many, many ways. I think almost every meterial way it corroborates his story. There are minor inconsistencies, that is hardly surprising. given the nature of human memory, given the fact it's over a year ago, given the highly traumatic nature of this Incident

I would urge the Court, If it's going to look at that statement, if it compares his statements to Mr. Morerie's testimony, I think the Court will find there's actually overwhelming corroboration of the Government case.

THE COURT: Thank you. I will take this metter under advisement, and you likely will not get the decision until sentencing, which I believe is coming up fairly soon; correct?

MS. ATTIAS: I think we put it on for lete May, Judge. I was wondering if we could know what the Court thinks, because I think It's going to change what I argue.

THE COURT: Olary. I'll get you an anewer soon as possible.

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MS. ATTIAS: I think that we have over a month

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THE COURT: Okay. Anything further? MR. GERBER: No, your Honor.

MB. ATTIAS: Judge, do you went the little --

THE COURT: Actually, I think I have some of the original exhibits. I don't generally keep these. I just keep copies. Do you want these back? I have at least three of your exhibits. You can submit copies.

MB. ATTIAS: This you can keep. And this I do not, I'm sorry, I did not make a copy of. I don't mind your holding on to it.

THE COURT: I'm not going to hold on to an original. Why don't you submit a copy?

MB. ATTIAS: I'll scan it to you.

THE COURT: Okay. Dose anyone know when we're

going to get the PSR?

MR. GERBER: No, your Honor.

MB. ATTIAS: I would guess -- I think the

sentencing is like the 26th.

THE CLERK: The 30th.

THE COURT: We are scheduled for sentencing on

INDEX OF EXAMINATION

May 30 at 10:30 a.m.

MB. ATTIAS: I'll probably be in louch with Mi. righer, Judge. If you went as quickly as possible, I can tell him. I don't know, I would think that he would be interested in your Honor's decision size because it might affect his recommendation. I don't know about that.

THE COURT: I don't know how that would affect his recommendation, but again the parties should get me the transcript when you can, and the sooner I get that, the sooner you'll get my decision. Okay?

MB. ATTIAS: Thank you

MR. GERBER: Thank you, your Honor. THE COURT: Okay, tolks. Thank you. CERTIFICATE

L Angels A. O'Donnell, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the

above-entitled matter.

Angels A. O'Donnell, RPR, Official Court Reporter United States District Court, Southern District of New York

Examination of: Page 2 MICHAEL BROWNSTEIN 148 Direct By Ma. Attles Voir Dire By Mr. Gerber 158 Direct By Ma. Attles (Cont'd) 159 TORRELL SAXON 174 220 10 241 11 244 12 13 **GOVERNMENT EXHIBITS** 14 Received 15 Exhibit No. 16 172 151.152. 153 17 DEFENDANT EXHIBITS 18 Received Exhibit No. 19 20

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EXHIBIT C



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK PROBATION OFFICE

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Honorable Edgardo Ramos

U.S. District Judge

FROM:

Michael Fisher

U.S. Probation Officer

RE:

Saxson, Torrell

DKT. # \$1 12 CR 329 (ER)

DATE:

May 22, 2013

Attached is the Presentence Investigation report, including the recommendation and addendum, prepared on March 27, 2013, on the above-named individual, who is scheduled for sentencing on May 30, 2013. Based on objections to the PSI and/or information received after the draft report was disclosed, the attached PSI has been revised as indicated in the addendum.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Fitzpatrick

Chief U.S. Probation Officer

By:

Michael Fisher

U.S. Probation Officer

212-805-5166

ce: Amy Attias Esq., Michael Gerber, AUSA

(with attachment) (with attachment)



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK PROBATION OFFICE

PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)	Docket No.: S1 12 CR 320(ER)
vs. Torrell M. Saxon)	
TOTAL III. Gazon	ý	Sentence Date: May 30, 2013

Prepared For:

Honorable Edgardo Ramos

U.S. District Judge

Prepared By:

Michael Fisher

U.S. Probation Officer

212-805-5168

Assistant U.S. Attorney Michael Gerber (914) 993-1958 michael.gerber@usdoi.gov

Defense Counsel Amy M. Attias Esq. 4N Ledge Loop Croton On Hudson (914) 862-4084

Offense: Count 1: Distribution and Possession with Intent to Distribute Oxycodone,

21 USC 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(C), Class C Felony.

Count 2: Distribution and Possession with Intent to Distribute Alprazolam and

Clonazepam in violation of 21 USC 812, 841(a)(1) and

841(b)(1)(E)(2), Class D Felony.

Penalties: Count 1: Custody: Up to 20 years; Supervised Release: minimum of 3 years;

Fine: up to \$1 million; Special Assessment: \$100

Count 2: Custody: Up to 5 years; Supervised Release: minimum of 1 year;

Fine: up to \$250,000; Special Assessment: \$100

Release Status:

Remanded since his arrest for the instant offense on March 25,

2012.

Detainers:

None

· Codefendants:

None

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PART A. THE OFFENSE

Charge(s) and Conviction(s)

- 1. Indictment S1 12 CR 320(ER) was filed in the Southern District of New York on December 21, 2012.
- 2. Count 1 charges that between about 2010 and March 2012, in the Southern district of New York, Torrell Saxon, distributed and possessed with intent to distribute a controlled substance, which involved Oxycodone, a Schedule II controlled substance, in violation of 21 USC 841(a)(1).

(21 USC 812, 841(a)(1), 841(b)(1)(C))

3. Count 2 charges that on about August 13, 2010, in the Southern District of New York, Torrell Saxon distributed and possessed with intent to distribute (i) Alprazolam and (ii) Clonazepam, a Schedule IV controlled substance in violation of 21 USC 841(a)(1).

(21 USC 812, 841(a)(1), 841(b)(1)(E)(2))

Forfeiture Allegation

4. As a result of committing a controlled substance offenses alleged in counts one and two of Information S1 12CR 320(ER), Torrell Saxon, shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 21USC 853 any and all property constituting or derived from any proceeds Saxon obtained directly or indirectly as a result of the violations and any and all property used or intended to be used in any manner or part to commit and to facilitate the commission of the violations alleged in Counts 1 and 2 of this Information, including but not limited to a sum in United States currency representing the amount of proceeds obtained as a result of the offenses.

Substitute Assets Provision

- 5. If any forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:
 - a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third person;
 c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court;
 - d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
 - e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty;

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it is the intention of the United States pursuant to 21 USC 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendant up to the value of the above forfeitable property.

(21 USC 846, and 853)

6. On December 21, 2012, Torrell Saxon appeared before the Honorable Edgardo Ramos in the Southern District of New York and pleaded guilty to Counts 1 and 2 in accordance with a plea agreement which stipulates the following:

Offense level

The guidelines manual in effect as of November 1, 2012, is being utilized

- a. Pursuant to Section 4B 1.1(a), the defendant is a career offender because(1) the defendant was at least 18 years old at the time the defendant committed the instant offense of conviction, (2). The instant offense is of conviction are felonies that are controlled substance offenses; and (3) the defendant has a least two prior felony convictions of either crime of violence or a controlled substance offense. Pursuant to Section 4B 1.1(b) the defendant's offense level is the greater of the offense level set forth in section 4B 1.1(b) and the offense level otherwise applicable. Accordingly, the defendant's offense level must be calculated without reference to section 4B 1.1, and compared to the defendant's offense level, pursuant to section 4B 1.1.
- b. Pursuant to section 3D 1.2(d), because the controlled substance offenses charged in count one and count two are covered by section 2D1.1, counts one and two are grouped together into a single group.
- c. Pursuant to section 3E 1.3(b), the offense level applicable to the group the offense level corresponding to the aggregated quantity, determined in accordance with Chapter 2 and parts A, B and C of chapter 3 of the guidelines.
- d. With respect to Count 1, the defendant possessed with intent to distribute 100 OxyContin pills and 200 Percocet pills. Each OxyContin pill contained 10 milligrams of oxycodone, and each Percocet pill contained 5 milligrams of oxycodone. This results in a total of 2000 mg, or 2 g of oxycodone. Pursuant to Section 2D 1.1, 2 g of oxycodone are equivalent to 13.4 kg of marijuana.
- e. With respect to Count 2, the defendant possessed with intent to distribute one tablet of alprazolam and a Ford tablets of clonazepam. Pursuant to Section 2D 1.1. The five tablets are equivalent to .3125 grams of marijuana.

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- f. Accordingly, pursuant to section 2D 1.1(c)(12), because the defendant possessed with intent to distribute the equivalent of at least 10 kg but less than 20 kg of marijuana, the base offense level for counts 1 and 2 is 16.
- g. The parties disagree as to whether the defendant possessed a firearm on March 25, 2011, and therefore the offense level should be increased by to pursuant to section 2D 1.1(b)1), because the defendant possessed a firearm. The government reserves the right to argue that the defendant possessed a firearm and the defendant reserves the right to argue that he did not possess a firearm.
- h. If the two-level enhancement for possession of a firearm does not apply, the offense level is 16. If the two-level enhancement for possession of a firearm does apply, the offense level is 18. However, pursuant to Section 4B1.1(b)(3), because the defendant is a career offender and because the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for Count 1 (the count with the greatest statutory maximum) is 20 years, the offense level is 32.
- i. Assuming the defendant clearly demonstrates acceptance of responsibility, to the satisfaction of the Government, through his allocution and subsequent conduct prior to the imposition of sentence, a two-level reduction will be warranted, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(a). Furthermore, assuming the defendant has accepted responsibility as described in the previous sentence, an additional one-level reduction is warranted, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(b), because the defendant gave timely notice of his intention to enter a plea of guilty, thereby permitting the Government to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Court to allocate its resources efficiently.
- j. In accordance with the above, the applicable guideline offense level is 29.

Criminal History Category

a. Based upon the information known to the government, the defendant's prior convictions result in 12 criminal history points and a Criminal History Category of V. However as previously noted, pursuant to section 4B 1.1(b), the defendant is a career offender and his criminal history category is increased to VI.

Sentencing Range

a. Based upon the calculations set forth above, the defendant stipulated guidelines range is 151 to 188 months imprisonment. In addition, after determining the defendant's ability to pay, the court may impose a fine pursuant to section 5E 1.2. At a guidelines offense level of 29, the applicable fine range is \$15,000 to \$1 million pursuant to sections 5E1.2(c)(3) and 5E1.2(c)(4).

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7. Sentencing is scheduled for April 17, 2013.

Related Case(s)

8. None.

The Offense Conduct

- 9. On March 25, 2012, officers of the Middletown Police Department responded to a location on North Street in Middletown, New York, due to report that a black man with the gun was being held down. When the officers arrived, Officer-1 was flagged down by a man (Victim-1), who directed Officer-1 to an apartment and advised that the man with the gun was still being held down by other people.
- 10. Officers of the Middletown Police Department entered the apartment, walked through to a bedroom and observed four men holding down one black man who was later identified as Torrell Saxon. Officer-1 asked where the gun was and the man pointed to an area by Saxon's feet. At that time, Saxon was placed under arrest.
- 11. Officer-1 interviewed one of the men (Victim-2) from the apartment in Spanish. Victim-2 advised that after he heard a knock on the front door of the apartment, he opened the door. At that time, Torrell Saxon pointed a gun at Victim-2s, neck and stated "stay mother fuckers." Saxon shot two rounds toward the rear of the apartment, towards the kitchen, where other men were located. Victim-2 grabbed Saxon's arms and a struggle ensued. Saxon shot another round, which struck a bedroom door. Victim-2 grabbed the defendant again and held him until three men from the kitchen came out and helped Victim-2 to disarm the defendant.
- 12. Middletown Police Department officers subsequently went to the apartment in order to process the scene and collect evidence. Recovered were two .22 caliber Remington shell casings and a Walther P22 .22 caliber semi-automatic pistol. Inside the pistol was a third spent shell casing and three live .22 caliber Remington rounds. The officers also observed a bullet strike on the kitchen floor and rear door of the kitchen.
- 13. This case was subsequently referred to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives and assigned to a special agent (case agent). The case agent noted that Walther P 22 firearms have never been manufactured in the state of New York.

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- 14. The case agent's investigation of Saxon revealed that Saxon was previously convicted of the following offenses: on August 23, 1996, in New York County Supreme Court, criminal sale of a controlled substance in the third degree; on October 18, 2000, in Bronx County Supreme Court, robbery in the first degree: use/threatens use of a dangerous instrument; and on August 23, 2000, in New York County Supreme Court, robbery in the first degree: use/threatens use of a dangerous instrument.
- 15. Subsequent to the defendant's arrest, it was discovered that between 2010 and March 2012, Torrell Saxon had possessed with the intent to distribute 100 OxyContin pills and 200 Percocet pills which contained Oxycodone.

Victim Impact

16. None.

Adjustment for Obstruction of Justice

17. The probation officer has no information to suggest that the defendant impeded or obstructed justice at the time of the arrest, or during the investigation or prosecution of the offense.

Adjustment for Acceptance of Responsibility

18. On the advice of counsel, the defendant declined to make a statement regarding his actions in the instant offense. Defense counsel related that the probation office could rely the statements made by the defendant during his plea allocution, regarding the instant offense.

Adjustment while Incarcerated

19. The defendant stated that since his arrest for the instant offense, he was attacked in his cell by members of the "Bloods" gang. He attempted to defend himself until they were separated by officers of the Bureau of Prisons. As a result of this altercation, he was placed in solitary confinement for approximately 15 days. The records of the Westchester County Jail indicate that on June 16, 2012, Saxon was detained for fighting. There was no sanction ordered but it appears that he was held for 12 days in restrictive custody. On November 29, 2012, he was detained and sanctioned to serve 15 days in restrictive custody for fighting and disobedient conduct.

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Offense Level Computation

- 20. The November 1, 2012 edition of the <u>Guidelines Manual</u> has been used in this case.
- 21. The defendant pleaded guilty to Counts 1 and 2 of Information S1 12 CR 320(ER). Count 1 charges distribution and possession with intent to distribute oxycodone in violation of 21 USC 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(C). Count 2 charges distribution and possession with intent to distribute Alprazolam and Clonazepam in violation of USC 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(E)(2).
- 22. The applicable guideline for each count is found in Section 2D1.1. Additionally, Section 3D1.2(d) provides that counts can be grouped when the offense level is determined largely on the basis of the total amount of harm or loss or the quantity of a substance. As a result, Counts 1 and 2 will grouped pursuant to section 3D 1.2.
- 23. Count 1 involved 100 OxyContin pills and 200 Percocet pills. Each OxyContin pill contained 10 milligrams of oxycodone, and each Percocet pill contained 5 milligrams of oxycodone. This results in a total of 2 grams of oxycodone or 13.4 involved one tablet of alprazolam and four tablets of clonazepam. Pursuant to Section 2D1.1, the five tablets are equivalent to .3125 grams of marijuana. The total amount of marijuana is 13.71 kilograms.
- 24. Base Offense Level: Based on the above drug calculations, when converted to marijuana, the oxycodone, alprazolam and clonazepam total 13.71 kilograms of marijuana. Section 2-D 1.1(c)(12) provides that offenses which involve at least 10 kg but less than 20 kg of marijuana have a base offense level of 16.
- 25. Specific Offense Characteristic: None. The plea agreement noted that the parties disagreed as to whether the defendant possessed a firearm on March 25, 2012. The probation office has been informed that a hearing will take place regarding this matter. Should the Court decide that a firearm was possessed by the defendant, a two-level increase pursuant to Section 2D1.1(b)(1) can be included in the guideline offense level calculations, which would result in an offense level of 18.
- 26. Victim-Related Adjustments: None.

 27. Adjustments for Role in the Offense: None.

 28. Adjustment for Obstruction of Justice: None.

 29. Adjusted Offense Level (Subtotal):

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- 30. Chapter Four Enhancements: As is shown in Part B (Criminal History) below, the defendant has been convicted of criminal sale of a controlled substance in the third degree, and robbery in the first degree on two occasions. Since the instant offense involves controlled substances and the defendant was 18 years or older at the time of its commission, the defendant is a career offender within the meaning of §4B1.1 of the guidelines. The offense level determined under §4B1.1 is 32 rather than the lower level calculated above.
- 31. Adjustment for Acceptance of Responsibility: Based on the defendant's plea allocution, we believe that the defendant has shown recognition of responsibility for the offense. Because of the defendant's timely notification of his intention to plead guilty, thus allowing the Government to allocate its resources more efficiently, and because the aforementioned base offense level is 16 or greater, pursuant to §3E1.1(a) and (b), the offense is reduced three levels.
- 32. Adjusted Offense Level:

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PART B. DEFENDANT'S CRIMINAL HISTORY

Juvenile Adjudications

33. None.

Adult Criminal Convictions

34. Available information indicates that the defendant was represented by counsel in all matters resulting in conviction, unless otherwise noted. (Since 1965, the right to legal representation has been mandated by Article 18-B of the New York State Counties Law.)

	Date of Arrest	Conviction/Court	Date Sentence Imposed/Disposition	Guideline	Pnt
3 5 .	8/14/96 Age: 18	Criminal Sale of a Controlled Substance in the 3 rd Degree/New York County Supreme Court	10/25/96: Sentence; 1 to 3 years imprisonment	4A1.1(a)	3

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- 38. On August 14, 1996, the defendant was arrested in the vicinity of 2032 Lexington Avenue in Manhattan, after he and an accomplice sold a quantity of a controlled substance to a police officer who was working in an undercover capacity.
- 37. 12/15/99 Robbery in the 1* Age: 21 Degree: Use/Threatens Use of Dangerous Weapon /New York County Supreme Court

10/20/00: Sentence: 4A1.1(a) 8 years

imprisonment

- On December 15, 1999, in the vicinity of the New York City Transit Authority train 38. station, in Manhattan, the defendant robbed a victim at knife point.
- **39**. 12/15/99 Robbery in the 1* Degree: Use/Threatens Age: 21 Use of Dangerous Weapon /Bronx County Supreme Court

12/13/00: Sentence: 4A1.1(a) 8 years

imprisonment

The details of this offense were not readily available. 40.

× 41. 5/1/03 Knowingly Make/ Age: 25 Possess Dangerous Contraband in Prison Criminal Sale of a Controlled Substance in the 3rd Degree / **Wyoming County** Court

11/13/03: Sentence:

4A1.1(a)

3

3

3

18 months imprisonment

The details of this offense were not readily available. 42.

Criminal History Computation

- The total of the criminal history points is 12. According to the sentencing table at 43. Chapter 5, Part A, 12 criminal history points establish a Criminal History Category of V.
- The total of the criminal history points is 12. According to the sentencing table at 44. Chapter 5, Part A, 12 criminal history points establish a Criminal History Category of V. However, the defendant's Criminal History Category is enhanced to VI because he is considered to be a Career Offender, pursuant to §4B1.1. Since the

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defendant has 3 prior felony convictions involving either criminal sale of a controlled substance; and robbery in the 1st degree, he meets the criteria for Career Offender, and his Criminal History Category must be Category VI.

PART C. OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS

Personal and Family Data

- 45. The defendant stated that his true name is Torrell Monroe Saxon. He reported that he was born on June 22, 1978 in the Bronx, New York from the union of Greg Slates and Yvonne Saxon. Their union also resulted in the birth of Tiffany Saxon, age 31, who takes care of mentally disabled children. He indicated that he had three paternal siblings: Shannon Slates, age 28, with whom he is unfamiliar; Myesha Slates, age 25, a police officer who resides in the Bronx, New York; and Dominique Slates, age 20 whose whereabouts were unknown. Saxon also reported one maternal sibling: Jamerrah Shufford, age 28 who resides in Queens and whose employment is unknown.
- 46. The defendant stated that he was reared by his parents in the Bronx, New York. They moved frequently and resided in project dwellings. His mother was employed at a psychiatric center and he was not certain of his father's employment. Saxon related that although his parents were employed, they could not always provide sufficiently for the household. He also indicated that his father was addicted to crack cocaine and was physically abusive to his mother and sister. He recalled occasions when his father slapped his sister aggressively. The defendant related that his mother called the police frequently due to his father's physical abuse. However, when the police arrived at the residence, his mother did not wish to press charges.
- 47. Saxon related that when his mother was working and his father was responsible for taking care of him, his father took him to "crack houses." The defendant advised that his father resided in the household intermittently due to serving custodial terms. The subject indicated that when he was eight, his father left the household. Thereafter, the family then moved to an apartment in Manhattan. The subject indicated that he saw very little of his mother, as she worked long hours in order to financially support the household. She was employed at McDonald's and subsequently employed in a mental health facility. He advised that he was usually left unsupervised after he came home from school during his adolescent and teenage years.
- 48. The defendant stated that while in junior high school, he met Amalia Moss. They maintained a consensual relationship which resulted in the birth of Naya Moss, age 18. Saxon indicated that due to his mother's difficulty at times meeting the financial needs of the household and his responsibilities of providing financial support for his girlfriend and daughter Naya, he started selling drugs. He was subsequently

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arrested and sentenced to one to three years imprisonment.

- 49. Upon his release from a custodial term, he returned to his mother's residence. However, while he was incarcerated, his mother moved to Middletown, New York. Saxon indicated that his mother became involved in real estate ventures whereby she purchased and repaired damaged houses which were then sold for a profit. The defendant indicated that she was subsequently able to provide sufficiently for the household. However, as he associated with persons of questionable character, he became involved in criminal activity. He was subsequently convicted for prior criminal activity and served custodial terms of approximately eight years.
- 50. While he was incarcerated, his mother moved to a remote rural area in Pennsylvania. Upon his release, he resided with his mother in Pennsylvania, but subsequently had difficulties obtaining employment. As a result, he moved to Middletown, New York and resided with an aunt, Fatima Watson. While attending church, he met Latique Dardenn. From 2011, until the time of his arrest, they resided together intermittently. Their relationship resulted in the birth of Zaire Saxon, who was two months of age at the time of the presentence interview. He indicated that his girlfriend presently resides in Yonkers, New York.
- The defendant stated that when he is released, he will reside with his aunt, Fatima Watson, in Middletown, New York.

Gang Affiliations

52. The defendant stated that from 1996 to 2000, he was an active member of the "Bloods" gang.

Physical Condition

- 53. The defendant is 5'8" tall and weighs 165 pounds. He has brown eyes and black hair.
- 54. During the presentence interview, it was noticed that the defendant had numerous scars about his face and left hand. Saxon indicated that he was previously involved with the bloods gang from 1996 to 2000. While attending a party in 2009, there were individuals present who were members of the bloods gang. While at the party, a fight occurred between certain individuals with whom he was familiar. He attempted to separate the individuals who were fighting, and in the interim was slashed in his face and left hand. Saxon advised that he was hospitalized for one week and received approximately 230 stitches in his face and 150 stitches in his left hand to close the lacerations.

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55. The subject advised that he has a tattoo of his daughter's name, Naya, written in script. He reported no further tattoos.

Mental and Emotional Health

During the presentence interview, the defendant related well and responded appropriately to the inquiries made. He stated that he has never received treatment from a psychiatrist or psychologist. The defendant did not exhibit behavior during the presentence interview, that would require professional intervention.

Substance Abuse

- 57. Saxon stated that when he was 18, he started smoking marijuana. He advised that he smoked marijuana daily and spent approximately \$40 weekly to purchase this drug.
- 58. The defendant indicated that after he received stitches, he was prescribed medication, such as Vicodin and Percocet to address pain. However, he continued to use these medications and last used them on the date of his arrest for the instant offense.
- 59. The subject reported that in 2010, he attended a drug rehabilitation program offered at Phoenix House in Manhattan. He related that he attended the program for approximately 2 days. Saxon related that as he attended the program, he noticed that some of the other patients were using crack cocaine and marijuana on the premises of the facility. As a result, he did not believe that this program would result in a successful outcome for him.

Education and Vocational Skills

- 60. Saxon advised that he stopped attending Washington Irving High School located in Manhattan, while in the 10th grade. He stated that he stopped attending high school in order to obtain employment to financially support his daughter. He related that he did not have a high school diploma but that in 2008, while incarcerated in the Elmira Correctional Facility, he was tested and passed a general equivalency exam.
- 61. The subject also stated that while incarcerated at the Elmira Correctional Facility, he received certificates of completion for plumbing, heating and custodial building maintenance courses.

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Employment

- 62. The defendant stated that from 2010 until his arrest for the instant offense, he was employed through Manpower, an employment agency located in Middletown, New York. His employment was usually comprised and stocking merchandise at various department stores such as Kohl's and Walmart. Saxon related that his salary range from \$9.50 hourly to \$14.75 hourly.
- 63. The subject reported that from 2010 to 2011, he was employed through Adecco, an employment agency located in Middletown, New York. He advised that he was also placed as a stock person at Walmart department store.
- Saxon indicated that from August 2009 to November 2009, he was employed as a sanitation worker by the New York City Parks Department. He was stationed at Yankee Stadium and earned up to \$9.00 hourly.
- The defendant indicated that when he was older, he discovered that his father had used his social security number and date of birth. Information and opened food stamp, cellular phone, and credit card accounts.

Financial Condition: Ability to Pay

- 66. The defendant completed a financial affidavit wherein he reported no assets and no liabilities.
- 67. An Equifax credit inquiry reflects that the defendant has no record of credit.
- 68. The results of an inquiry to the Internal Revenue Service regarding the defendant's filing for income taxes are awaited.

PART D. SENTENCING OPTIONS

Custody

- 69. Statutory Provisions: The maximum term of imprisonment for Count 1 is up to 20 years, pursuant to 21 USC 841(b)(1)(C).
- 70. Statutory Provisions: The maximum term of imprisonment for Count 2 is up to 5 years, pursuant to 21 USC (841(b)(1)(E)(2).
- 71. Guldeline Provisions: Based on a total offense level of 29 and a Criminal History Category of VI, the guideline range for imprisonment is 151 to 188 months.

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Supervised Release

72. Statutory Provisions: For <u>Count 1</u>, the term of supervised release is a minimum of 3 years if a sentence of imprisonment is imposed, pursuant to 21 USC 841(b)(1)(C).

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- 73. Statutory Provisions: For Count 2, the term of supervised release is a minimum of 1 year if a sentence of imprisonment is imposed, pursuant to 21 USC 841(b)(1)(E)(2).
- 74. Such terms of supervised release run concurrently, pursuant to 18 USC 3824(e).
- 75. Guideline Provisions: For Counts 1 and 2, the guideline range for a term of supervised release is at least one year but not more than three years, pursuant to §5D1.2(a)(2). However, due to the statutory provisions, of Count 1, the guideline term of supervised release is three years pursuant to 5D1.2(b).

Probation

- 78. Statutory Provisions: Counts 1 and 2: The defendant is eligible for not less than one nor more than five years' probation by statute, pursuant to 18 USC 3561(c)(1).
- 77. Guideline Provisions: Because the applicable guideline range is in Zone D of the Sentencing Table, the defendant is not eligible for probation, pursuant to §5B1.1, application note #2.

Fines

- 78. Statutory Provisions: The maximum fine for Count 1 is \$1,000,000 pursuant to 21 USC 841(b)(1)(C).
- 79. Statutory Provisions: The maximum fine for Count 2 is \$250,000, pursuant to 18 USC 3571.
- 80. For Counts 1 and 2, a special assessment of \$100 per Count is mandatory, pursuant to 18 USC 3013 for a total assessment of \$200.
- 81. Guideline Provisions: The fine range for the instant offense is from \$15,000 to \$1,000,000 pursuant to \$5E1.2(c)(3)(A) and (c)(4).
- 82. Subject to the defendant's ability to pay, in imposing a fine, the Court shall consider the expected costs to the Government of any imprisonment, probation, or supervised release pursuant to §5E1.2(d)(7). The most recent advisory from the

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Administrative Office of the United States Courts suggests a monthly cost of \$2,407.78 to be used for imprisonment, a monthly cost of \$288.11 for supervision, and a monthly cost of \$2,180.27 for community confinement.

Forfeiture

- 83. As a result of committing the offenses alleged in Counts #1 through #2 of the Information the defendant shall forfeit to the U.S., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1963(a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3), all property real and personal, involved in the offense or traceable to such property.
- 84. Pursuant to Rule 32.2, "[t]he Court must include the forfeiture when orally announcing the sentence or must otherwise ensure that the defendant knows of the forfeiture at sentencing. The Court must also include the forfeiture order, directly or by reference, in the judgment."

Denial of Federal Benefits

- 85. Statutory Provisions: Pursuant to 21 USC 862(b)(1)(B) upon a second or subsequent conviction for possession of a controlled substance, a defendant may be declared ineligible for any or all Federal benefits for up to five years as determined by the Court. In addition, the Court may require the defendant to participate and complete an approved drug treatment program which includes periodic drug testing, or to perform appropriate community service.
- 86. Guldeline Provisions: Pursuant to §5F1.6, the Court may deny eligibility for certain Federal benefits of any individual convicted of distribution or possession of a controlled substance.

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PART E. FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED IN IMPOSING SENTENCE

87. The probation officer has no information concerning the offense or the offender that would constitute additional factors which would impact on sentencing.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Fitzpatrick Chief U.S. Probation Officer

Bv:

Michael Fisher

U.S. Probation Officer

212-805-5166

Approved:

Bernadine Fields

Supervising U.S. Probation Officer

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ADDENDUM TO THE PRESENTENCE REPORT

The Presentence Investigation report was forwarded to defense counsel and counsel for the government on March 27, 2013. The following addendum, dated May 22, 2013, addresses any objections received.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Information regarding the defendant's adjustment while incarcerated has been added to paragraph 19.

OBJECTIONS

By the Government

We have not received any objections from the Government has no objections.

By the Defendant

Defense counsel provided information regarding the dates of Torrell Saxon's gang affiliations which has been amended in paragraphs 51 and 53.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Fitzpatrick Chief U.S. Probation Officer

By:

Michael Fisher

U.S. Probation Officer

212-805-5166

Approved:

Bernadine Fields

Supervising U.S. Probation Officer

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SENTENCING RECOMMENDATION

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK UNITED STATES V. TORRELL SAXON, DOCKET NO. S1 12 CR 320(ER)

TOTAL OFFENSE LEVEL: CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY:

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CUSTODY:	Statutory Provisions Ct. 1: Up to 20 years	Guideline Provisions	Recommended Sentence
SUPERVISED	Ct. 2: Up to 5 years	, 151 to 188 months	Ct. 1: 151 months Ct. 2: 60 months to run concurrently
RELEASE:	Ct. 1: Minimum of 3 years, Ct. 2: Minimum of 1 year	Cts. 1 and 2: 3 years	Cts. 1 and 2: 3 years, to run concurrently
PROBATION:	Cts. 1 &2 : 1 to 5 years	Not authorized	Not Recommended
FINE:	Ct.1: Up to \$1,000,000, Ct. 2: Up to 250,000	\$15,000 to \$1,000,000	Not Recommended
RESTITUTION:	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not Recommended
FORFEITURE:	As noted in the Forfeiture Provisions of Information S1 12 CR 320(ER)	As noted in the Forfeiture Provisions of Information S1 12 CR 320(ER)	As noted in the Forfeiture Provisions of Information S1 12
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT:	Ct. 1: \$100, Ct. 2: \$100	\$200	CR 320(ER) \$200

Justification

Torrell Saxon, age 34, is before the Court to be sentenced after pleading guilty to a two count superseded Indictment. Count one charges Distribution and Possession with Intent to Distribute Oxycodone in violation of 21 USC 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(C). Count two charges the Distribution and Possession with Intent to Distribute Alprazolam and Clonazepam in violation of 21 USC 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(E)(2).

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The discovery of the defendant's role in the instant offense was based on Middletown Police Department officers responding to a complaint of a black male who was carrying a gun. Certain individuals alleged that Torrell Saxon had possessed and fired a firearm in their apartment. Subsequent to Saxon's arrest, officers discovered that between 2010 and March 2012, Terrel Saxon had possessed with intent to distribute 100 OxyContin pills and 200 Percocet pills which contained oxycodone.

The instant offense represents the defendant's fifth conviction. His prior convictions were for criminal sale of a controlled substance in the third degree; robbery in the first degree on two occasions; and knowingly making and possessing a dangerous contraband in prison.

The defendant was reared in a household and neighborhood where illicit drug activity and violence were prevalent. His father was addicted to crack cocaine, and his mother was not usually at home as she attempted to maintain employment to financially support the household. When his mother was home, he witnessed his father being physically abusive to his mother and sister. The defendant's father resided in the household intermittently due to serving custodial terms. His mother attempted to change their living environment as the family moved from Middletown, New York to Pennsylvania. However, as Saxon could not secure employment in Pennsylvania, he returned to Middletown, New York, and resided with an aunt until his arrest for the instant offense.

Saxon has previously been incarcerated for lengthy custodial terms, however, he continues to involve himself in criminal activity. As the defendant meets the criteria for a career offender, the applicable guideline custodial term is 151 to 188 months. Based on the above factors, a custodial term at the minimum of the guideline range (151 months) should be sufficient to address sentencing objectives.

Following the defendant's release from a custodial term, the defendant will benefit from the services available through the probation office during a three-year term of supervised release for Counts 1 and 2, to run concurrently. During the ordered term of supervised release, the defendant should provide full financial disclosure and adhere to search and seizure provisions. This, in part, would enable the probation office to detect income not derived through legitimate sources.

Pursuant to the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, for offenses committed after September 13, 1994, the court shall require that all offenders on probation, parole, or supervised release submit to one drug test within fifteen days of commencement of probation, parole or supervised release and at least two drug tests thereafter for use of a controlled substance, unless ameliorated or suspended by the court due to its determination that the defendant poses a low risk of future substance abuse as provided in 18 USC 3563 (a) (5) / 3583 (d).

Drug Risk Analysis

The defendant has used marijuana since he was 18 years of age. He would pose a high risk of using illigit substances during a term of supervised release.

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Recommendation

We respectfully recommend that Your Honor impose a custodial term of 151 months for Count 1, and 60 months for Count 2 to run concurrently, followed by three years of supervised release for Counts 1 and Count 2 to run concurrently.

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Mandatory Conditions

If a period of probation/supervised release is ordered, the following conditions are mandatory:

The defendant shall not commit another federal, state, or local crime.

The defendant shall not illegally possess a controlled substance.

The defendant shall not possess a firearm or destructive device.

The mandatory drug testing condition is suspended due to imposition of a special condition requiring drug treatment and testing.

The defendant shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer.

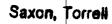
Standard and Special Conditions

The standard conditions of supervision (1-13) are recommended with the following special conditions:

The defendant shall provide the probation officer with access to any requested financial information.

The defendant will participate in a program approved by the United States Probation Office, which program may include testing to determine whether the defendant has reverted to using drugs or alcohol. The Court authorizes the release of available drug treatment evaluations and reports to the substance abuse treatment provider, as approved by the Probation Officer. The defendant will be required to contribute to the costs of services rendered (co-payment), in amount determined by the probation officer, based on ability to pay or availability of the third-party payment.

The defendant shall submit his person, residence, place of business, vehicle, or any other premises under his control to a search on the basis that the probation officer has reasonable belief that contraband or evidence of a violation of the conditions of the release may be found. The search must be conducted at a reasonable time and in reasonable manner. Failure to submit to a search may be grounds for revocation. The defendant shall inform any other residents that the premises may be subject to search pursuant to this condition.



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The defendant is to report to the nearest Probation Office within 72 hours of release from custody.

If the defendant is sentenced to any period of supervision, it is recommended that the defendant be supervised by the district of residence.

Special Assessment

It is further ordered that the defendant shall pay to the United States a special assessment of \$200, which shall be due immediately.

Fines

We believe that the defendant does not have the ability to pay a fine and recommend that the fine in this case be waived.

Forfeiture

The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in property to the United States in accordance to the forfeiture provisions of Indictment S1 12 CR 320(ER).

Pursuant to Rule 32.2, "[t]he Court must include the forfeiture when orally announcing the sentence or must otherwise ensure that the defendant knows of the forfeiture at sentencing. The Court must also include the forfeiture order, directly or by reference, in the judgment."

To The Clerk of The Court
Southern District Court
500 fear Street
NY, NY, 10007

Pio Box 10 ASS 19